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# **FMDT Documentation**

***Release v1.0***

**FMDT team**

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# USER MANUAL

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## INTRODUCTION

### 1.1 Purpose

FMDT (Fast Meteor Detection Toolbox) is derived from a software which was **designed to detect meteors** on board ISS (International Space Station) or a CUBESAT (A class of miniaturized satellite based around a form factor consisting of 10 cm (3.9 in) cubes.). FMDT is foreseen to be applied to airborne camera systems, e.g. in atmospheric balloons or aircraft. **It is robust to camera movements by a motion compensation algorithm.**

**FMDT is ready for real-time processing on small boards like Raspberry Pi 4** or Nvidia Jetson Nano for embedded systems. For instance, on the Raspberry Pi 4 (@ 1.5 GHz), FMDT is able to compute **30 frames per second** on a HD (High Definition, 1920x1080 resolution) video sequence while the instant power is only **around 4 Watts**.

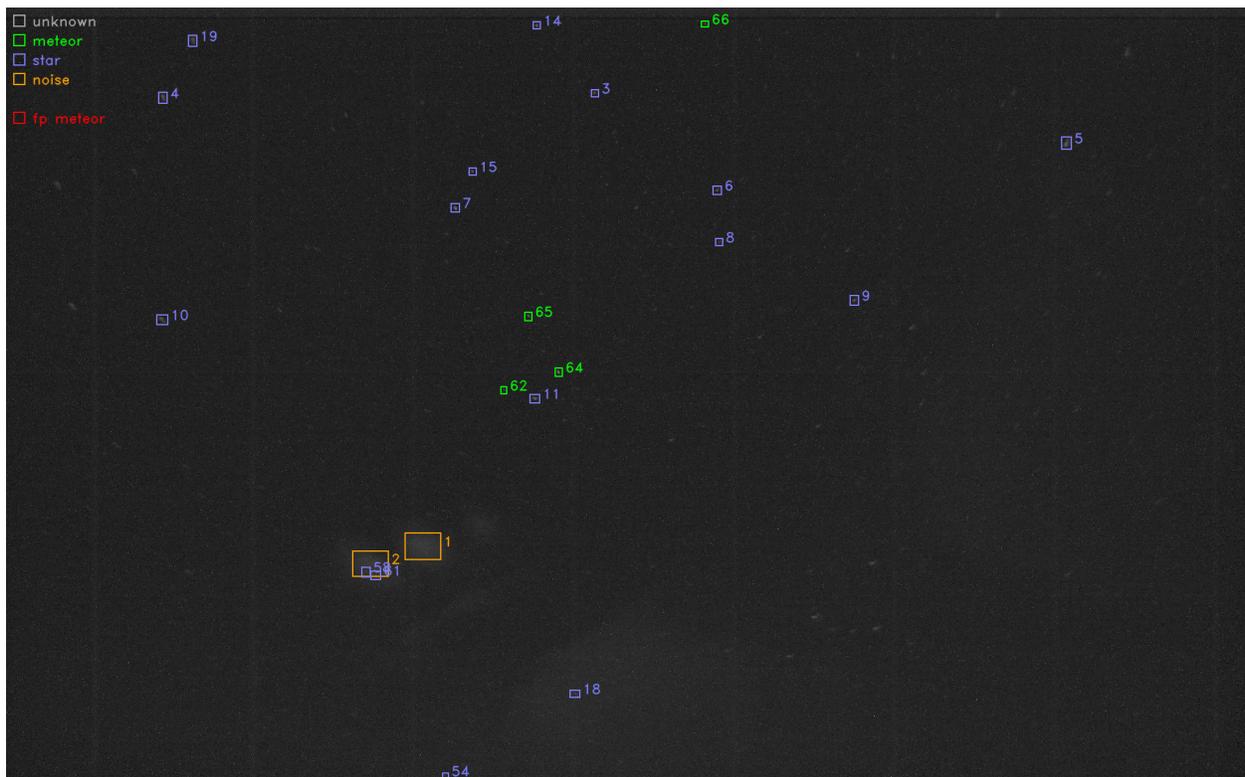


Fig. 1.1: Example of meteors detection and visualization.

Fig. 1.2 shows an example of detection on one frame. Green BBs (Bounding Boxes) represent detected *meteors*, purple BBs represent detected *stars* and orange BBs represent detected *noise* (= something which is not a *meteor* and not a

star).

## 1.2 Scientific Background

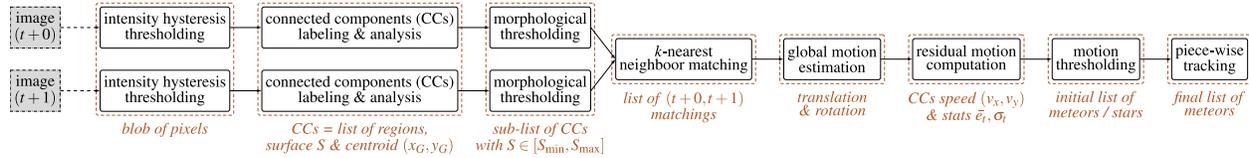


Fig. 1.2: The detection chain.

Fig. 1.2 presents the whole FMDT’s detection chain. For each pair of images, **an intensity hysteresis threshold, a connected component labeling and an analysis algorithm** are applied to get a list of CCs (Connected-Components) with their bounding boxes and surface. Moreover, it also provides the first raw moments to compute the centroid  $(x_G, y_G) = (S_x/S, S_y/S)$  of each blob of pixels. **A morphological threshold** is then done on the surface  $S$  to reject small and big CCs. **A  $\kappa$ -NN (k-Nearest Neighbor) matching** is applied to extract pairs of CCs from image  $I_{t+0}$  and  $I_{t+1}$  with  $t$  the image number in the video sequence. These matches are used to perform **a first global motion estimation** (rigid registration). Note that CCs are sometimes referred as RoIs (Regions of Interest) in this documentation.

This motion estimation is used to classify the CCs into two classes - still stars or moving meteors according to the following criterion:  $|e_k - \bar{e}_t| > \sigma_t$  with  $e_k$  the compensation error of the CC (Connected-Component) number  $k$ ,  $\bar{e}_t$  the average error of compensation of all CCs of image  $I_t$  and  $\sigma_t$  the standard deviation of the error. **A second motion estimation** is done with only star CCs, to get a more accurate motion estimation and a more robust classification. Finally **a piece-wise tracking** is done by extending the  $(t + 0, t + 1)$  matching with  $(t + 1, t + 2)$  matching (and so on) to reduce the amount of false positive detection.

## 1.3 Scientific Results

IMCCE (Institut de Mécanique Céleste et de Calcul des Éphémérides, or Institute for Celestial Mechanics and Computation of Ephemerides in English) astronomers (from Paris’s Observatory) led an airborne observation campaign of the 2022  $\tau$ -Herculids. The 2022  $\tau$ -Herculids mission is [detailed here](#). The data collected by the mission have been processed with FMDT. The detection results helped the astronomers to see more meteors than their first “manual” detection (by human eyes). From 28 to 34 meteors thanks to FMDT automated detection. Detailed results are available in an article published in the *Astronomy & Astrophysics* journal [VLC+23].

Some preliminary results about the parallel implementation of the detection chain (see Fig. 1.2) have been presented in a poster [KCM+22] of the workshop AFF<sub>3</sub>CT (A Fast Forward Error Correction Toolbox). The poster shows results in terms of throughput (FPS (Frames Per Second)), latency and energy consumption. The selected hardware targets match embedded systems constraints (e.g.  $\mathcal{T} \geq 30$  FPS and  $\mathcal{P} \leq 10$  Watts).

## 1.4 References



## INSTALLATION GUIDE

### 2.1 Dependencies

This project uses `ffmpeg-io`, `nrc2`, `c-vector` and `aff3ct-core` projects as Git submodules, **you need to download them with the following command:**

```
git submodule update --init --recursive
```

**Note:** `ffmpeg-io` requires the `ffmpeg` executable: **you need to install ffmpeg on your system** if you want to be able to read video files. In addition, if you want to enable text indications in generated videos/images, the `OpenCV` library is required.

On Debian like systems you can easily install these packages with the `apt` package manager:

```
sudo apt install ffmpeg libopencv-dev
```

On macOS, we recommend you to use the `homebrew` package manager:

```
brew install ffmpeg opencv
```

### 2.2 Compilation with CMake

This project uses `CMake` in order to generate any type of projects (`Makefile`, `Visual Studio`, `Eclipse`, `CLion`, `XCode`, etc.). The code can easily be compiled with the following command lines:

```
mkdir build
cd build
cmake ..
make -j4
```

**Note:** The previous `CMake` command (`cmake ..`) will generate a `Makefile` without any compiler flag.

If you are using a `GNU` or `Clang` compiler like, **it is advised to use the following `CMake` command line** instead:

```
cmake .. -DFMdt_OPENCv_LINK=ON -DFMdt_AFF3CT_RUNTIME=ON -DCMAKE_BUILD_
↪TYPE=RelWithDebInfo -DCMAKE_CXX_FLAGS_RELWITHDEBINFO="-O3 -g" -DCMAKE_C_FLAGS_
↪RELWITHDEBINFO="-O3 -g" -DCMAKE_CXX_FLAGS="-Wall -funroll-loops -fstrict-aliasing -
↪march=native" -DCMAKE_C_FLAGS="-funroll-loops -fstrict-aliasing -march=native" (continues on next page)
```

**Note:** On Apple Silicon M1 CPUs and with Apple Clang, use `-mcpu=apple-m1` instead of `-march=native`.

---

The previous command line generates a Makefile in **release mode** (with debug information `-g`). It will produce optimized and ready for debug binaries. Moreover, OpenCV and AFF3CT libraries will be used during the compilation. It enables advanced features (see the following *CMake Options* section for more details about it).

## 2.2.1 CMake Options

Here is the list of the CMake available options:

- FMDT\_DETECT\_EXE

**Type** BOOLEAN

**Default** ON

**Example** `cmake .. -DFMDT_DETECT_EXE=OFF`

Compile the detection chain executable

- FMDT\_VISU\_EXE

**Type** BOOLEAN

**Default** ON

**Example** `cmake .. -DFMDT_VISU_EXE=OFF`

Compile the tracking visualization executable.

- FMDT\_CHECK\_EXE

**Type** BOOLEAN

**Default** ON

**Example** `cmake .. -DFMDT_CHECK_EXE=OFF`

Compile the check executable.

- FMDT\_MAXRED\_EXE

**Type** BOOLEAN

**Default** ON

**Example** `cmake .. -DFMDT_MAXRED_EXE=OFF`

Compile the max reduction executable.

- FMDT\_DEBUG

**Type** BOOLEAN

**Default** OFF

**Example** `cmake .. -DFMDT_DEBUG=ON`

Build the project using debugging prints: these additional prints will be output on `stderr` and prefixed by `(DBG)`.

- FMDT\_OPENCV\_LINK

**Type** BOOLEAN

**Default** OFF

**Example** `cmake .. -DFMDT_OPENCV_LINK=ON`

Link with OpenCV library (required to enable some options for improved visualization in `fmdt-xxx` executables).

- **FMDT\_AFF3CT\_RUNTIME**

**Type** BOOLEAN

**Default** OFF

**Example** `cmake .. -DFMDT_AFF3CT_RUNTIME=ON`

Link with AFF3CT runtime and produce multi-threaded detection executable (`fmdt-detect-rt`).



## EXECUTABLES USAGE

This project generates the following **command line** executables:

- `fmdt-detect`,
- `fmdt-visu`,
- `fmdt-check`,
- `fmdt-maxred`.

`fmdt-detect` is an optimized and efficient C/C++ code for meteors detection. It produces only text outputs. The main results are the detected tracks and they can be read on the standard output (in the terminal). If the CMake `-DFMDT_AFF3CT_RUNTIME=ON` option is used to compile the project, then additional detection binaries are produced:

- `fmdt-detect-rt-seq`: this version comes with new performance measurement tools. However, this is a sequential version and the efficiency should be similar with the standard `fmdt-detect` executable,
- `fmdt-detect-rt-pip`: this version is multi-threaded. Thus, the throughput in term of FPS is much higher than the standard `fmdt-detect` executable (depending on the CPU target).

Both `fmdt-detect-rt-seq` and `fmdt-detect-rt-pip` have the same level of features than the standard `fmdt-detect` executable.

`fmdt-visu` mainly uses the `fmdt-detect` text outputs to generate highlighted video sequences. It can be combined with ground truth to distinguish good detected tracks (*true positive*) and bad detected tracks (*false positive*).

`fmdt-check` compares detected tracks (`fmdt-detect`) with a given ground truth. The results are shown on the standard output.

`fmdt-maxred` performs a max-reduction from a video sequence into an image. The produced image is in grayscale mode.

The next sections describe the command line parameters of these tools.

### 3.1 Detection Parameters

The meteors detection chain is located here: `./bin/fmdt-detect`.

The following table summarizes the available parameters:

Argument	Type	Details
<code>--vid-in-path</code>	STRING	See Section 3.1.2.
<code>--vid-in-start</code>	INTEGER	See Section 3.1.3.
<code>--vid-in-stop</code>	INTEGER	See Section 3.1.4.
<code>--vid-in-skip</code>	INTEGER	See Section 3.1.5.
<code>--vid-in-buff</code>	BOOLEAN	See Section 3.1.6.
<code>--vid-in-loop</code>	INTEGER	See Section 3.1.7.
<code>--vid-in-threads</code>	INTEGER	See Section 3.1.8.
<code>--ccl-hyst-lo</code>	INTEGER	See Section 3.1.9.
<code>--ccl-hyst-hi</code>	INTEGER	See Section 3.1.10.
<code>--ccl-fra-path</code>	STRING	See Section 3.1.11.
<code>--ccl-fra-id</code>	BOOLEAN	See Section 3.1.12.
<code>--mrp-s-min</code>	INTEGER	See Section 3.1.13.
<code>--mrp-s-max</code>	INTEGER	See Section 3.1.14.
<code>--knn-k</code>	INTEGER	See Section 3.1.15.
<code>--knn-d</code>	INTEGER	See Section 3.1.16.
<code>--knn-s</code>	FLOAT	See Section 3.1.17.
<code>--trk-ext-d</code>	INTEGER	See Section 3.1.18.
<code>--trk-ext-o</code>	INTEGER	See Section 3.1.19.
<code>--trk-angle</code>	FLOAT	See Section 3.1.20.
<code>--trk-star-min</code>	INTEGER	See Section 3.1.21.
<code>--trk-meteor-min</code>	INTEGER	See Section 3.1.22.
<code>--trk-meteor-max</code>	INTEGER	See Section 3.1.23.
<code>--trk-ddev</code>	FLOAT	See Section 3.1.24.
<code>--trk-all</code>	BOOLEAN	See Section 3.1.25.
<code>--trk-bb-path</code>	STRING	See Section 3.1.26.
<code>--trk-mag-path</code>	STRING	See Section 3.1.27.
<code>--log-path</code>	STRING	See Section 3.1.28.

### 3.1.1 Standard Output

`fmdt-detect` outputs a list of tracks. The tracks represent the detected objects in the video sequence. Here is the template of the output text:

```
# -----||-----||-----||-----
# Track ||           Begin           ||           End           || Object
# -----||-----||-----||-----
# -----||-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----||-----
# Id || Frame # |      x |      y || Frame # |      x |      y || Type
# -----||-----|-----|-----||-----|-----|-----||-----
{tid} || {fbeg} | {xbeg} | {ybeg} || {fend} | {xend} | {yend} || {otype}
```

- `{tid}`: a positive integer (start from 1) value representing a unique track identifier,
- `{fbeg}`: a positive integer value representing the first frame in the video sequence when the track is detected,
- `{xbeg}`: a positive real value of the x-axis coordinate (beginning of the track),
- `{ybeg}`: a positive real value of the y-axis coordinate (beginning of the track),
- `{fend}`: a positive integer value representing the last frame in the video sequence when the track is detected,
- `{xend}`: a positive real value of the x-axis coordinate (end of the track),

- {yend}: a positive real value of the y-axis coordinate (end of the track),
- {otype}: a string of the object type, can be: meteor, star or noise.

### 3.1.2 --vid-in-path

**Deprecated** --in-video

**Type** STRING

**Default** [empty]

**Example** --vid-in-path ~/Videos/meteors.mp4

Input video path (supports also a path to a sequence of images path/basename\_%05d.jpg).

### 3.1.3 --vid-in-start

**Deprecated** --fra-start

**Type** INTEGER

**Default** 0

**Example** --vid-in-start 12

First frame id (included) to start the detection in the video sequence.

### 3.1.4 --vid-in-stop

**Deprecated** --fra-end

**Type** INTEGER

**Default** 0

**Example** --vid-in-stop 42

Last frame id (included) to stop the detection in the video sequence. If set to 0, read entire video.

### 3.1.5 --vid-in-skip

**Deprecated** --fra-skip

**Type** INTEGER

**Default** 0

**Example** --vid-in-skip 1

Number of frames to skip.

### 3.1.6 --vid-in-buff

**Deprecated** --video-buff

**Type** BOOLEAN

**Example** --vid-in-buff

Bufferize all the video in global memory before executing the chain.

### 3.1.7 --vid-in-loop

**Deprecated** --video-loop

**Type** INTEGER

**Default** 1

**Example** --vid-in-loop 10

Number of times the video is read in loop.

### 3.1.8 --vid-in-threads

**Deprecated** --ffmpeg-threads

**Type** INTEGER

**Default** 0

**Example** --vid-in-threads 1

Select the number of threads to use to decode video input (in `ffmpeg`). If set to 0, `ffmpeg` chooses the number of threads automatically.

### 3.1.9 --ccl-hyst-lo

**Deprecated** --light-min

**Type** INTEGER

**Default** 55

**Example** --ccl-hyst-lo 100

Minimum light intensity for hysteresis threshold (grayscale [0; 255]).

### 3.1.10 --ccl-hyst-hi

**Deprecated** --light-max

**Type** INTEGER

**Default** 80

**Example** --ccl-hyst-hi 140

Maximum light intensity for hysteresis threshold (grayscale [0; 255]).

### 3.1.11 --ccl-fra-path

**Deprecated** --out-frames

**Type** STRING

**Default** [empty]

**Example** --ccl-fra-path ccl\_fra/%05d.png

Path of the files for CC debug (path/cc\_%05d.png).

### 3.1.12 --ccl-fra-id

**Deprecated** --show-id

**Type** BOOLEAN

**Example** --ccl-fra-id

Show the RoI (Region of Interest)/CC ids on the output frames (to combine with --ccl-fra-path parameter). Requires to link with OpenCV library (-DFMDT\_OPENCV\_LINK CMake option, see [Section 2.2.1](#)).

### 3.1.13 --mrp-s-min

**Deprecated** --surface-min

**Type** INTEGER

**Default** 3

**Example** --mrp-s-min 5

Minimum surface of the CCs in pixels.

### 3.1.14 --mrp-s-max

**Deprecated** --surface-max

**Type** INTEGER

**Default** 1000

**Example** --mrp-s-max 50

Maximum surface of the CCs in pixels.

### 3.1.15 --knn-k

**Deprecated** -k

**Type** INTEGER

**Default** 3

**Example** --knn-k 5

Maximum number of neighbors considered in the  $\kappa$ -NN algorithm.

### 3.1.16 `--knn-d`

**Deprecated** `--max-dist`

**Type** INTEGER

**Default** 10

**Example** `--knn-d 25`

Maximum distance in pixels between two images ( $\kappa$ -NN algorithm).

### 3.1.17 `--knn-s`

**Deprecated** `--min-ratio-s`

**Type** FLOAT

**Default** 0.125

**Example** `--knn-s 0.0`

Minimum surface ratio to match two CCs in  $\kappa$ -NN (0 matches alls, 1 matches nothing). This parameter is also used for extrapolation in the tracking.

### 3.1.18 `--trk-ext-d`

**Deprecated** `--r-extrapol`

**Type** INTEGER

**Default** 10

**Example** `--trk-ext-d 25`

Search radius in pixels for CC extrapolation (piece-wise tracking).

### 3.1.19 `--trk-ext-o`

**Deprecated** `--extrapol-orde`

**Type** INTEGER

**Default** 3

**Example** `--trk-ext-o 1`

Maximum number of frames to extrapolate for lost objects (linear extrapolation).

### 3.1.20 `--trk-angle`

**Deprecated** `--angle-max`

**Type** FLOAT

**Default** 20.0

**Example** `--trk-angle 35.0`

Tracking max angle between two meteors at  $t - 1$  and  $t$  (in degree).

### 3.1.21 `--trk-star-min`

**Deprecated** `--fra-star-min`

**Type** INTEGER

**Default** 15

**Example** `--trk-star-min 5`

Minimum number of frames required to track a star.

### 3.1.22 `--trk-meteor-min`

**Deprecated** `--fra-meteor-min`

**Type** INTEGER

**Default** 3

**Example** `--trk-meteor-min 5`

Minimum number of frames required to track a meteor.

### 3.1.23 `--trk-meteor-max`

**Deprecated** `--fra-meteor-max`

**Type** INTEGER

**Default** 100

**Example** `--trk-meteor-max 50`

Maximum number of frames required to track a meteor.

### 3.1.24 `--trk-ddev`

**Deprecated** `--diff-dev`

**Type** FLOAT

**Default** 4.0

**Example** `--trk-ddev 5.5`

Multiplication factor of the standard deviation (CC error has to be higher than  $ddev \times stddev$  to be considered in movement).

### 3.1.25 --trk-all

**Deprecated** --track-all

**Type** BOOLEAN

**Example** --trk-all

By default the program only tracks meteor object type. If --trk-all is set, all object types are tracked (meteor, star or noise).

This parameter is used in the `_tracking_perform()` function.

### 3.1.26 --trk-bb-path

**Deprecated** --out-bb

**Type** STRING

**Default** [empty]

**Example** --trk-bb-path bb.txt

Path to the bounding boxes file required by `fmdt-visu` to draw detection rectangles. Each bounding box defines the area of an object, frame by frame.

Here is the corresponding line format:

```
{frame_id} {x_radius} {y_radius} {center_x} {center_y} {track_id} {is_extrapolated}
```

Each line corresponds to a frame and to an object, each value is separated by a space character.

### 3.1.27 --trk-mag-path

**Deprecated** --out-mag

**Type** STRING

**Default** [empty]

**Example** --trk-mag-path mag.txt

Path to the output file containing magnitudes of the tracked objects. Each line corresponds to a track/object and here is the corresponding line format:

```
{tid} {otype} {mag1} {mag2} {...} {magn}
```

{mag1} is the first magnitude value of the track/object of {tid} id. {mag2} is the second magnitude value (in the second frame where the object has been tracked). And so on, until the last magnitude value {magn}. Note that sometime the magnitude value can be 0, it means that the object has been extrapolated on this frame, thus the magnitude cannot be computed.



- `{tid}`: unique identifier of the corresponding track (start from 1), can be empty if no track is associated to the current RoI,
- `{otype}`: type of the track object (meteor, noise or star), only if there is a track corresponding to this RoI,
- `{xmin}`: minimum  $x$  position of the bounding box,
- `{xmax}`: maximum  $x$  position of the bounding box,
- `{ymin}`: minimum  $y$  position of the bounding box,
- `{ymax}`: maximum  $y$  position of the bounding box,
- `{S}`: surface (area) of the RoI in pixels,
- `{Sx}`: sum of  $x$  properties,
- `{Sy}`: sum of  $y$  properties,
- `{cx}`:  $x$  center of mass,
- `{cy}`:  $y$  center of mass,
- `{mag}`: magnitude of the current RoI (accumulated brightness of the RoI, see the `_features_compute_magnitude()` function),
- `{sat}`: number of pixels that are saturated in the current RoI (a pixel  $p$  is saturated when its intensity  $I_p = 255$ , see the `_features_compute_magnitude()` function).

**Table 3: List of associations between Rols**

#	RoI ID	Distance	Error (or velocity)	Motion
#	$t-1$	$t$	pixels   rank	dx   dy   e   is moving
#	{rid_t-1}	{rid_t}	{dist}   {k}	{dx}   {dy}   {e}   {mov}

Each line corresponds to an association between one RoI at  $t - 1$  and at  $t$ :

- `{rid_t-1}`: id of the RoI in the table 1 (in the  $t - 1$  frame),
- `{rid_t}`: id of the RoI in the table 2 (in the  $t$  frame),
- `{dist}`: distance in pixels between the two RoIs,
- `{rank}`: rank in the  $\kappa$ -NN algorithm, if 1: it means that this is the closest RoI association, if 2: it means that this is the second closest RoI association, etc.,
- `{dx}`:  $x$  distance between the estimated position (after motion estimation) and the real position (in frame  $t - 1$ ),
- `{dy}`:  $y$  distance between the estimated position (after motion estimation) and the real position (in frame  $t - 1$ ),
- `{e}`: euclidean distance between the estimated position and the real position,
- `{mov}`: yes if the RoI is moving, no otherwise. The criteria to detect the motion of an RoI is:  $|e - \bar{e}_t^1| > \sigma_t^1$ , with  $e$  the error of the current RoI,  $\bar{e}_t^1$  the mean error after the first motion estimation and  $\sigma_t^1$  the standard deviation after the first motion estimation.

If `{mov} = yes` then, `{dx}`, `{dy}` is the velocity vector and `{e}` is the velocity norm in pixel.



- {reason}: reason of the classification from meteor to noise.

## 3.2 Visualization Parameters

The meteors visualization program is located here: `./bin/fmdt-visu`.

The following table summarizes the available parameters:

Argument	Type	Details
<code>--vid-in-path</code>	STRING	See <a href="#">Section 3.2.1</a> .
<code>--vid-in-start</code>	INTEGER	See <a href="#">Section 3.2.2</a> .
<code>--vid-in-stop</code>	INTEGER	See <a href="#">Section 3.2.3</a> .
<code>--vid-in-threads</code>	INTEGER	See <a href="#">Section 3.2.4</a> .
<code>--trk-path</code>	STRING	See <a href="#">Section 3.2.5</a> .
<code>--trk-bb-path</code>	STRING	See <a href="#">Section 3.2.6</a> .
<code>--trk-id</code>	BOOLEAN	See <a href="#">Section 3.2.7</a> .
<code>--trk-nat-num</code>	BOOLEAN	See <a href="#">Section 3.2.8</a> .
<code>--trk-only-meteor</code>	BOOLEAN	See <a href="#">Section 3.2.9</a> .
<code>--gt-path</code>	STRING	See <a href="#">Section 3.2.10</a> .
<code>--vid-out-path</code>	STRING	See <a href="#">Section 3.2.11</a> .

### 3.2.1 `--vid-in-path`

**Deprecated** `--in-video`

**Type** STRING

**Default** [empty]

**Example** `--vid-in-path ~/Videos/meteors.mp4`

Input video path (supports also a path to a sequence of images `path/basename_%05d.jpg`).

### 3.2.2 `--vid-in-start`

**Deprecated** `--fra-start`

**Type** INTEGER

**Default** 0

**Example** `--vid-in-start 12`

First frame id (included) to start the detection in the video sequence.

### 3.2.3 --vid-in-stop

**Deprecated** --fra-end

**Type** INTEGER

**Default** 0

**Example** --vid-in-stop 42

Last frame id (included) to stop the detection in the video sequence. If set to 0, read entire video.

### 3.2.4 --vid-in-threads

**Deprecated** --ffmpeg-threads

**Type** INTEGER

**Default** 0

**Example** --vid-in-threads 1

Select the number of threads to use to decode video input (in `ffmpeg`). If set to 0, `ffmpeg` chooses the number of threads automatically.

### 3.2.5 --trk-path

**Deprecated** --in-tracks

**Type** STRING

**Default** [empty]

**Example** --trk-path tracks.txt

The tracks file corresponding to the input video (generated from `fmdt-detect`). See [Section 3.1.1](#) for the description of the expected text input format.

### 3.2.6 --trk-bb-path

**Deprecated** --in-bb

**Type** STRING

**Default** [empty]

**Example** --trk-bb-path bb.txt

The bounding boxes file corresponding to the input video (generated from `fmdt-detect`). See [Section 3.1.26](#) for the description of the expected text output format.

### 3.2.7 --trk-id

**Deprecated** --show-id

**Type** BOOLEAN

**Example** --trk-id

Show the object ids on the output video and frames. Requires to link with OpenCV library (-DFMDT\_OPENCV\_LINK CMake option, see [Section 2.2.1](#)).

### 3.2.8 --trk-nat-num

**Deprecated** --show-id

**Type** BOOLEAN

**Example** --trk-nat-num

Natural numbering of the object ids, work only if --trk-id is set.

### 3.2.9 --trk-only-meteor

**Deprecated** --only-meteor

**Type** BOOLEAN

**Example** --trk-only-meteor

Show only meteors.

### 3.2.10 --gt-path

**Deprecated** --in-gt

**Type** STRING

**Default** [empty]

**Example** --gt-path gt.txt

File containing the ground truth. Ground truth file gives objects positions over time. Here is the expected text format of a line:

```
{otype} {fbeg} {xbeg} {ybeg} {fend} {xend} {yend}
```

{otype} can be meteor, star or noise. {fbeg} and {fend} stand for *frame begin* and *frame end*. {xbeg} and {ybeg} stand for *x* and *y* coordinates of the *frame begin*. {xend} and {yend} stand for *x* and *y* coordinates of the *frame end*. {fbeg}, {xbeg}, {ybeg}, {fend}, {xend}, {yend} are positive integers. Each line corresponds to an object and each value is separated by a space character.

### 3.2.11 --vid-out-path

**Deprecated** --out-video

**Type** STRING

**Default** [empty]

**Example** --vid-out-path sky.mp4

Path of the output video (supports also a path to a sequence of images `path/basename_%05d.jpg`) with meteor tracking colored rectangles (BBs). If `--gt-path` is set then the bounding rectangles are red if *false positive* meteor and green if *true positive* meteor.

## 3.3 Check Parameters

The meteors checking program is located here: `./bin/fmdt-check`.

The following table summarizes the available parameters:

Argument	Type	Details
<code>--trk-path</code>	STRING	See <a href="#">Section 3.3.2</a> .
<code>--gt-path</code>	STRING	See <a href="#">Section 3.3.3</a> .

### 3.3.1 Standard Output

The first part of `fmdt-check stdout` is a table where each entry corresponds to an object of the GT (Ground Truth):

```
# -----||-----||-----||-----
#  GT Object  ||      Hits      ||    GT Frames    || Tracks
# -----||-----||-----||-----
#  |-----||-----|-----|-----|-----||-----
#  Id |   Type || Detect | GT || Start | Stop || #
#  |-----||-----|-----|-----|-----|-----||-----
{tid} | {otype} || {dh} | {gh} || {staf} | {stof} || {nt}
```

- `{tid}`: a positive integer value representing a unique identifier of ground truth track/object,
- `{otype}`: a string of the object type, can be: `meteor`, `star` or `noise`,
- `{dh}`: a positive integer value of the number of frames when the object is detected (from the tracks, `--trk-path`),
- `{gh}`: a positive integer value of the number of frame when the object is present (from the ground truth, `--gt-path`),
- `{staf}`: a positive integer value of the frame start (from the ground truth, `--gt-path`),
- `{stof}`: a positive integer value of the frame stop (from the ground truth, `--gt-path`),
- `{nt}`: a positive integer value of the number of tracks that match the ground truth object.

In a second part, `fmdt-check stdout` gives some statistics in the following format (`{pi}` stands for *positive integer* and `{pf}` for *positive float*):

## Statistics:

```

- Number of GT objs = ['meteor': {pi}, 'star': {pi}, 'noise': {pi}, 'all': {pi}]
- Number of tracks = ['meteor': {pi}, 'star': {pi}, 'noise': {pi}, 'all': {pi}]
- True positives = ['meteor': {pi}, 'star': {pi}, 'noise': {pi}, 'all': {pi}]
- False positives = ['meteor': {pi}, 'star': {pi}, 'noise': {pi}, 'all': {pi}]
- True negative = ['meteor': {pi}, 'star': {pi}, 'noise': {pi}, 'all': {pi}]
- False negative = ['meteor': {pi}, 'star': {pi}, 'noise': {pi}, 'all': {pi}]
- Tracking rate = ['meteor': {pf}, 'star': {pf}, 'noise': {pf}, 'all': {pf}]

```

- **Number of GT objs**: the number of objects from the ground truth,
- **Number of tracks**: the number of objects from the tracks (fmdt-detect output),
- **True positives**: number of detected objects that are in the ground truth (with the same type),
- **False positives**: number of detected objects that are not in the ground truth (or that have a different type).
- **True negative**: number of detected objects that are different from the current type of object. For instance, if we focus on meteor object type, the number of false negatives is the sum of all the objects in the tracks that are star or noise,
- **False negative**: number of non-detected objects (present in the ground truth and not present in the tracks),
- **Tracking rate**: the sum of detected hits on the sum of the ground truth hits. Range is between 1 (perfect tracking) and 0 (nothing is tracked). When there are more hits in a track than in the ground truth, the detected hits are the ground truth hits minus the extra hits of the track.

For each line, the meteor, star and noise object types are considered. all stands for all types, sometime all can be mean-less.

### 3.3.2 --trk-path

**Deprecated** --in-tracks

**Type** STRING

**Default** [empty]

**Example** --trk-path tracks.txt

The tracks file corresponding to the input video (generated from fmdt-detect). See [Section 3.1.1](#) for the description of the expected text input format.

### 3.3.3 --gt-path

**Deprecated** --in-gt

**Type** STRING

**Default** [empty]

**Example** --gt-path gt.txt

File containing the ground truth. See [Section 3.2.10](#) for the description of the expected text input format.

## 3.4 Max-reduction Parameters

The max-reduction generation program is located here: `./bin/fmdt-maxred`.

The following table summarizes the available parameters:

Argument	Type	Details
<code>--vid-in-path</code>	STRING	See <a href="#">Section 3.4.1</a> .
<code>--vid-in-start</code>	INTEGER	See <a href="#">Section 3.4.2</a> .
<code>--vid-in-stop</code>	INTEGER	See <a href="#">Section 3.4.3</a> .
<code>--vid-in-threads</code>	INTEGER	See <a href="#">Section 3.4.4</a> .
<code>--trk-path</code>	STRING	See <a href="#">Section 3.4.5</a> .
<code>--trk-id</code>	BOOLEAN	See <a href="#">Section 3.4.6</a> .
<code>--trk-nat-num</code>	BOOLEAN	See <a href="#">Section 3.4.7</a> .
<code>--trk-only-meteor</code>	BOOLEAN	See <a href="#">Section 3.4.8</a> .
<code>--gt-path</code>	STRING	See <a href="#">Section 3.4.9</a> .
<code>--fra-out-path</code>	STRING	See <a href="#">Section 3.4.10</a> .

### 3.4.1 `--vid-in-path`

**Deprecated** `--in-video`

**Type** STRING

**Default** [empty]

**Example** `--vid-in-path ~/Videos/meteors.mp4`

Input video path (supports also a path to a sequence of images `path/basename_%05d.jpg`).

### 3.4.2 `--vid-in-start`

**Deprecated** `--fra-start`

**Type** INTEGER

**Default** 0

**Example** `--vid-in-start 12`

First frame id (included) to start the detection in the video sequence.

### 3.4.3 `--vid-in-stop`

**Deprecated** `--fra-end`

**Type** INTEGER

**Default** 0

**Example** `--vid-in-stop 42`

Last frame id (included) to stop the detection in the video sequence. If set to 0, read entire video.

### 3.4.4 --vid-in-threads

**Deprecated** --ffmpeg-threads

**Type** INTEGER

**Default** 0

**Example** --vid-in-threads 1

Select the number of threads to use to decode video input (in `ffmpeg`). If set to 0, `ffmpeg` chooses the number of threads automatically.

### 3.4.5 --trk-path

**Deprecated** --in-tracks

**Type** STRING

**Default** [empty]

**Example** --trk-path tracks.txt

The tracks file corresponding to the input video (generated from `fmdt-detect`). See [Section 3.1.1](#) for the description of the expected text input format.

### 3.4.6 --trk-id

**Deprecated** --show-id

**Type** BOOLEAN

**Example** --trk-id

Show the object ids on the output video and frames. Requires to link with OpenCV library (`-DFMDT_OPENCV_LINK` CMake option, see [Section 2.2.1](#)).

### 3.4.7 --trk-nat-num

**Deprecated** --show-id

**Type** BOOLEAN

**Example** --trk-nat-num

Natural numbering of the object ids, work only if `--trk-id` is set.

### 3.4.8 --trk-only-meteor

**Deprecated** --only-meteor

**Type** BOOLEAN

**Example** --trk-only-meteor

Show only meteors.

### 3.4.9 --gt-path

**Deprecated** --in-gt

**Type** STRING

**Default** [empty]

**Example** --gt-path gt.txt

File containing the ground truth. Ground truth file gives objects positions over time. Here is the expected text format of a line:

```
{otype} {fbeg} {xbeg} {ybeg} {fend} {xend} {yend}
```

The tracks file corresponding to the input video (generated from `fmdt-detect`). See [Section 3.1.1](#) for the description of the expected text input format.

### 3.4.10 --fra-out-path

**Deprecated** --out-frame

**Type** STRING

**Default** [empty]

**Example** --fra-out-path maxred.png

Path of the output frame.



## EXAMPLES OF USE

Download a [video sequence containing meteors here](#). These video sequence comes from IMCCE (*Paris's Observatory*) and is the result of an airborne observation of the 2022  $\tau$ -Herculids. More information about the 2022  $\tau$ -Herculids is available [here](#).

### 4.1 Meteors detection

```
./bin/fmdt-detect --vid-in-path ./2022_05_31_tauh_34_meteors.mp4
```

Write tracks and bounding boxes into text files for `fmdt-visu` and `fmdt-check`:

```
./bin/fmdt-detect --vid-in-path ./2022_05_31_tauh_34_meteors.mp4 --trk-bb-path ./out_
↪detect_bb.txt > ./out_detect_tracks.txt
```

### 4.2 Visualization

Visualization **WITHOUT** ground truth:

```
./bin/fmdt-visu --vid-in-path ./2022_05_31_tauh_34_meteors.mp4 --trk-path ./out_detect_
↪tracks.txt --trk-bb-path ./out_detect_bb.txt --vid-out-path out_visu.mp4
```

Visualization **WITH** ground truth:

```
./bin/fmdt-visu --vid-in-path ./2022_05_31_tauh_34_meteors.mp4 --trk-path ./out_detect_
↪tracks.txt --trk-bb-path ./out_detect_bb.txt --gt-path ../validation/2022_05_31_tauh_
↪34_meteors.txt --vid-out-path out_visu.mp4
```

### 4.3 Offline checking

Use `fmdt-check` with the following arguments:

```
./bin/fmdt-check --trk-path ./out_detect_tracks.txt --gt-path ../validation/2022_05_31_
↪tauh_34_meteors.txt
```

```

# -----
# |          ----* |
# | --* FMDT-CHECK --* |
# |          ----* |
# -----
#
# Parameters:
# -----
# * trk-path = ./out_detect_tracks.txt
# * gt-path  = ../validation/2022_05_31_tauh_34_meteors.txt
#
# The program is running...
# -----||-----||-----||-----
#   GT Object || Hits || GT Frames || Tracks
# -----||-----||-----||-----
#   /-----/-----/-----/-----/-----/-----
#   Id | Type || Detect | GT || Start | Stop || #
# -----/-----/-----/-----/-----/-----
  1 | meteor || 7 | 7 || 102 | 108 || 1
  2 | meteor || 17 | 16 || 110 | 125 || 1
  3 | meteor || 8 | 9 || 111 | 119 || 1
  4 | meteor || 3 | 3 || 121 | 123 || 1
  5 | meteor || 3 | 3 || 127 | 129 || 1
  6 | meteor || 3 | 3 || 129 | 131 || 1
  7 | meteor || 9 | 10 || 133 | 142 || 1
  8 | meteor || 10 | 10 || 134 | 143 || 1
  9 | meteor || 4 | 4 || 134 | 137 || 1
 10 | meteor || 3 | 4 || 135 | 138 || 1
 11 | meteor || 6 | 10 || 137 | 146 || 1
 12 | meteor || 4 | 4 || 139 | 142 || 1
 13 | meteor || 11 | 11 || 140 | 150 || 1
 14 | meteor || 4 | 4 || 146 | 149 || 1
 15 | meteor || 3 | 3 || 156 | 158 || 1
 16 | meteor || 10 | 10 || 156 | 165 || 1
 17 | meteor || 6 | 6 || 157 | 162 || 1
 18 | meteor || 4 | 4 || 160 | 163 || 1
 19 | meteor || 4 | 4 || 164 | 167 || 1
 20 | meteor || 3 | 3 || 167 | 169 || 1
 21 | meteor || 5 | 5 || 171 | 175 || 1
 22 | meteor || 7 | 7 || 174 | 180 || 1
 23 | meteor || 8 | 8 || 178 | 185 || 1
 24 | meteor || 11 | 11 || 179 | 189 || 1
 25 | meteor || 3 | 3 || 179 | 181 || 1
 26 | meteor || 5 | 5 || 180 | 184 || 1
 27 | meteor || 7 | 7 || 183 | 189 || 1
 28 | meteor || 4 | 4 || 194 | 197 || 1
 29 | meteor || 3 | 4 || 197 | 200 || 1
 30 | meteor || 6 | 5 || 199 | 203 || 2
 31 | meteor || 6 | 6 || 200 | 205 || 1
 32 | meteor || 7 | 7 || 223 | 229 || 1
 33 | meteor || 5 | 5 || 224 | 228 || 1
 34 | meteor || 4 | 4 || 249 | 252 || 1

```

Statistics:

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```
- Number of GT objs = ['meteor': 34, 'star': 0, 'noise': 0, 'all': 34]
- Number of tracks  = ['meteor': 38, 'star': 0, 'noise': 0, 'all': 38]
- True positives   = ['meteor': 35, 'star': 0, 'noise': 0, 'all': 35]
- False positives  = ['meteor': 3, 'star': 0, 'noise': 0, 'all': 3]
- True negative    = ['meteor': 0, 'star': 38, 'noise': 38, 'all': 76]
- False negative   = ['meteor': 0, 'star': 0, 'noise': 0, 'all': 0]
- tracking rate    = ['meteor': 0.95, 'star': nan, 'noise': nan, 'all': 0.95]
# End of the program, exiting.
```

## 4.4 Max-reduction

Use `fmdt-maxred` with the following arguments:

```
./bin/fmdt-maxred --vid-in-path ./2022_05_31_tauh_34_meteors.mp4 --fra-out-path out_
↳maxred.pgm
```



Fig. 4.1: Max-reduction image of the 2022  $\tau$ -Herculids video sequence.



## PROJECT ARCHITECTURE

First of all, this is mainly a project written in C language. There are some exceptions with some part of the code written in C++ but the C++ code is not mandatory and the project can always compile with a C compiler.

Thus, this projects can be seen as a pool of C structures and C functions. The headers are located in the `./include/c/fmdt` folder (= structures, enumerations, defines and functions declarations). And the implementations of the functions are located in the `./src/common` folder.

### 5.1 Modules

Headers (`.h` files) and function implementations (`.c` files) are grouped into *modules*. A *module* is a set of headers and implementation files that are working on the same “topic”. For instance, a  $\kappa$ -NN module has been implemented in the project. It is composed of the following files:

- `./include/c/fmdt/kNN.h`: this is a proxy header file that includes `kNN_struct.h`, `kNN_compute.h` and `kNN_io.h` headers,
- `./include/c/fmdt/kNN/kNN_struct.h`: contains structure definitions related to  $\kappa$ -NN,
- `./include/c/fmdt/kNN/kNN_compute.h`: declares the functions related to  $\kappa$ -NN computations,
- `./include/c/fmdt/kNN/kNN_io.h`: declares the functions related to  $\kappa$ -NN inputs and outputs, in the case of the  $\kappa$ -NN matching there are only functions to display the output results after the computations,
- `./src/common/kNN/kNN_compute.c`: implementations of the functions declared in the `kNN_compute.h` file, plus additional private functions,
- `./src/common/kNN/kNN_io.c`: implementations of the functions declared in the `kNN_io.h` file, plus additional private functions.

This decomposition in several files is made to have a good separation of concerns. This way developers can easily know what to find in each file.

### 5.2 Executables

The source code of the final executables is located in `./src/mains/` directory. Each file corresponds to a final executable and thus contains a `main` function.

## 5.3 Public Interfaces

Generally there are two levels to call a processing function. For instance, in the  $\kappa$ -NN module and in the `kNN_compute.h` header, the two following functions are defined:

```
void _kNN_match(float** data_distances, uint32_t** data_nearest, uint32_t* data_
↳conflicts, const uint32_t* RoIs0_id,
           const uint32_t* RoIs0_S, const float* RoIs0_x, const float* RoIs0_y,
↳uint32_t* RoIs0_next_id,
           const size_t n_RoIs0, const uint32_t* RoIs1_id, const uint32_t* RoIs1_S,
↳const float* RoIs1_x,
           const float* RoIs1_y, uint32_t* RoIs1_prev_id, const size_t n_RoIs1,
↳const int k,
           const uint32_t max_dist, const float min_ratio_S);
```

```
void kNN_match(kNN_data_t* kNN_data, const RoIs_basic_t* RoIs0_basic, const RoIs_basic_
↳t* RoIs1_basic,
           RoIs_asso_t* RoIs0_asso, RoIs_asso_t* RoIs1_asso, const int k, const_
↳uint32_t max_dist,
           const float min_ratio_S);
```

Both functions compute the  $\kappa$ -NN matching. The function prefixed with an underscore (`_kNN_match`) requires only buffers of native types (`float` and `uint32_t` here) while the other function (`kNN_match`) requires structure types (`kNN_data_t`, `RoIs_basic_t` and `RoIs_asso_t`). In the implementation, the `kNN_match` function simply call the `_kNN_match` function.

Compute functions often use inner data. This data is NOT input or output data. This is data required to store intermediate results during the computation. They are different ways to manage this type of data in C codes. In FMDT the chosen pattern is to allocate this inner data before calling the compute function. And to deallocate this data after. For instance, in the previous `kNN_match` function, the first parameter is a pointer of `kNN_data_t` type. This data can be allocated with the `kNN_alloc_data` function defined in the same `kNN_compute.h` header.

The following lines illustrate how to properly use the  $\kappa$ -NN module:

```
// inner data allocation on the heap
kNN_data_t* kNN_data = kNN_alloc_data(MAX_SIZE);
// initialization of the data with zeros (this is NOT mandatory)
kNN_init_data(kNN_data);
// kNN matching computation (multiple calls of kNN match function with the same `kNN_
↳data`)
kNN_match(kNN_data, /* ... */);
kNN_match(kNN_data, /* ... */);
kNN_match(kNN_data, /* ... */);
kNN_match(kNN_data, /* ... */);
// inner data deallocation
kNN_free_data(kNN_data);
```

## 5.4 Dependencies

FMDT depends on multiple external libraries to work. The following section details each of these libraries.

### 5.4.1 ffmpeg-io

ffmpeg-io is a wrapper for the `ffmpeg` executable. In FMDT, this library is used in the `video` module (to read/write videos/images).

---

**Note:** `ffmpeg-io` requires the installation of the `ffmpeg` executable to work. The library mainly exchanges data with `ffmpeg` through system pipes.

---

### 5.4.2 NRC (Numerical Recipes in C)

NRC is a library dedicated to 1D and multidimensional efficient memory allocations. This library is used everywhere data allocation are needed.

### 5.4.3 C Vector

C Vector is a library that implements dynamic arrays like `std::vector` in C++. This is useful when we cannot predict in advance the size of a buffer. For instance, in FMDT, a C Vector is used to store the final tracks.

### 5.4.4 AFF3CT-core

AFF3CT-core is a library that includes a multi-threaded runtime. In FMDT, this multi-threaded runtime is used to speed the restitution time of the final executables. For instance, the `./src/detect_rt.cpp` is feature compliant with `./src/detect.cpp`. The main difference is that `./src/detect_rt.cpp` is multi-threaded with the AFF3CT-core library.

---

**Note:** `AFF3CT-core` is a C++ library. When FMDT is linked with `AFF3CT-core`, then the code requires a C++ compiler to be compiled.

---

### 5.4.5 OPENCV (Open Computer Vision library)

OPENCV is a famous library dedicated to a large set of computer vision algorithms. In FMDT, OPENCV is mainly used to write text in images.

---

**Note:** `OPENCV` is a C++ library. When FMDT is linked with `OPENCV`, then the code requires a C++ compiler to be compiled.

---



## CONVENTIONS

Start reading our code and you'll get the hang of it. For the readability, we apply some conventions detailed in the following sections.

This is open source software. Consider the people who will read your code, and make it look nice for them. It's sort of like driving a car: Perhaps you love doing donuts when you're alone, but with passengers the goal is to make the ride as smooth as possible.

### 6.1 Coding Conventions

#### 6.1.1 General

- Indentation is made by using spaces (4 spaces).
- ALWAYS put spaces after list items and method parameters ([1, 2, 3], not [1,2,3]), around operators (`x += 1`, not `x+=1`), and around hash arrows.
- The number of characters is limited to 120 per line of code.
- For data buffers, explicitly sized types from `stdint.h` should be preferred (for instance, `int` is NOT good and `int32_t` should be used instead).
- Please use unsigned integers to store data that cannot take negative values.
- Use double precision floating-points numbers ONLY when it is necessary. Most of the time, simple precision floating-points numbers should be enough.

#### 6.1.2 Functions

- First parameters parenthesis is put directly after the function name (`motion_compute(int param)` is valid, while `motion_compute (int param)` is NOT valid).
- Parameters that are only read in the function have to be post-fixed by the `const` qualifier (ex.: `void my_func(const float* read_only_data, float* write_data)`).
- Braces are directly put after the last parameters parenthesis (see the example below).

```
void filename_verb(int param, int long_param_name) {
    for (int i = 0; i < 12; i++) {
        printf("Hello World %d\n", i);
    }
}
```

### 6.1.3 Structures and Enumerations

Here are some code examples to illustrate the conventions.

```
typedef struct {
    uint32_t attr1_var;
    uint32_t attr2_var;
    uint32_t* attr3_ptr;
} my_struct_t;
```

```
enum color_e { COLOR_MISC = 0,
               COLOR_GRAY,
               COLOR_GREEN,
               COLOR_RED,
               COLOR_PURPLE,
               COLOR_ORANGE,
               COLOR_BLUE,
               COLOR_YELLOW,
               N_COLORS
};
```

### 6.1.4 Conditional Structures and Loops

Here are some code examples to illustrate the conventions.

```
if (counter < 12 && is_valid) {
    // do something
} else {
    // do something else
}
```

```
switch (value) {
case 1:
    // do something
    break;
case 2:
    // do something
    break;
case 3:
    // do something
    break;
default:
    break;
}
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < 12; i++) {
    // do something
}
```

```
while (i < 100) {
    // do something
}
```

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```
i++;  
}
```

## 6.1.5 Source Code Auto-format

This project mainly follow LLVM coding conventions. For coding conventions (except for the naming) the code formatting can be automatized thanks to the `clang-format` parser. At the root of the project a `clang-format` configuration file is provided (see the `.clang-format` file).

For instance, if you want to auto-format the `src/motion.c` file you can run `clang-format` from the project root as follow:

```
clang-format -i src/motion.c
```

## 6.2 Naming Conventions

### 6.2.1 General

- This is an English code (functions/variables/defines/comments/... should be written in English).
- The `snake case` is used, (`my_variable`, not `myVariable`), classes start with an upper case (`My_class`, not `my_class`) and variables/methods/functions start with a lower case.

### 6.2.2 Variables

- Global variables are prefixed with `g_`.
- Parameter variables from the command line are prefixed with `p_`.
- If a variable contains more that one element, its name should ends with a "s" (ex.: `int values[100]`).
- Static variables from defines are all uppercase (ex.: `#define MY_STATIC_VAR 12`).
- Defines that come from the compiler should be prefixed with `FMDT_`.

### 6.2.3 Functions

- Function name starts with the corresponding module name (for instance, if you are in the `motion_compute.c` file and you want to write a function that compute the motion, the function name could be `motion_compute`).
- Function name should always contains a verb.

```
void filename_verb(int param, int long_param_name) {  
    for (int i = 0; i < 12; i++) {  
        printf("Hello World %d\n", i);  
    }  
}
```

## 6.2.4 Structures and Enumerations

- Structure name is always post-fixed with `_t` (ex.: `my_struct_t`).
- Enumeration name is always post-fixed with `_e` (ex.: `my_enum_e`).
- Enumeration values are in uppercase and always start with the name of the enumeration (in the following example `COLOR_`). Except for the last value that can be in the form `N_*s`.

```
enum color_e { COLOR_MISC = 0,  
              COLOR_GRAY,  
              COLOR_GREEN,  
              COLOR_RED,  
              COLOR_PURPLE,  
              COLOR_ORANGE,  
              COLOR_BLUE,  
              COLOR_YELLOW,  
              N_COLORS  
};
```

## CONTRIBUTING GUIDE

FMDT code versioning is achieved thanks to Git. This section details how new contributions are integrated to the repository. There are two possible way to contribute depending on if your are a external contributor or if your are an inner contributor, see the next sections.

---

**Important:** The FMDT project exposes two mains protected branches: `master` and `develop`. The merge/pull requests are only accepted in the `develop` branch. In other words, all merge/pull requests targeting the `master` branch will be rejected.

---

**Danger:** Please read the coding conventions first in [Section 6](#). Contributions that do not follow the coding and naming conventions will not be accepted!

### 7.1 Inner Contributions on GitLab

This is the inner workflow for people that have access to the private GitLab repository. In this repository, the `master` and `develop` branches are public because they are automatically mirrored on the public GitHub repository. By definitions, the other branches are private.

The way to contribute is to create a new branch from the `develop` to develop a new feature (lets call this a feature branch). When the feature branch is mature enough (and when it passes the CI (Continuous Integration) pipeline). The developer should send a **merge request** (MR (Merge Request)) from the feature branch into the `develop` branch. To send a MR in GitLab, you need to do it from the GitLab web interface. If you don't know how to do that, you can refer to the official documentation here: [https://docs.gitlab.com/ee/user/project/merge\\_requests/](https://docs.gitlab.com/ee/user/project/merge_requests/).

Once your MR is submitted, your code will be reviewed and accepted later if it matches the requirements.

### 7.2 External Contributions on GitHub

External contributions are also more than welcome. Everyone can access and clone the public FMDT repository from GitHub (<https://github.com/alsoc/fmdt>).

The way to contribute is to submit PR (Pull Request) to the `develop` branch. This can be done from the GitHub web interface. If you don't know how to do that, you can refer to the official documentation here: <https://docs.github.com/en/pull-requests/>.

Once your PR is submitted, your code will be reviewed and accepted later if it matches the requirements.

## 7.3 Workflow Git

Every contributions are firstly merged in the `develop` branch. When we consider that the current state of the `develop` branch is stable enough, a versioning tag (for instance `v1.0.0`) is added to a specific commit in the `develop` branch, then the `develop` branch is merge in the `master` branch.

## CONTINUOUS INTEGRATION

A CI pipeline is setup in the private GitLab repository. It is composed of 4 stages:

1. Static analysis: for now there is only one job in the stage that compiles the documentation.
2. Build: this stage compiles FMDT on various compilers and with various compiler definitions.
3. Test: regression tests and memory leaks tests are performed.
4. Coverage: the code coverage of the regression tests is computed.

The CI pipeline is triggered after each push on the GitLab repository. The jobs are executed on runners hosted by the LIP6 laboratory. The jobs can easily be deployed thanks to the use of Docker images. The public AFF3CT container registry is used ([https://gitlab.com/aff3ct/aff3ct/container\\_registry](https://gitlab.com/aff3ct/aff3ct/container_registry)).



## LIBRARY API

### 9.1 Class Hierarchy

### 9.2 File Hierarchy

### 9.3 Full API

#### 9.3.1 Namespaces

##### Namespace `std`

STL namespace.

#### 9.3.2 Classes and Structs

##### Struct `BB_t`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_tracking_tracking_struct.h`

##### Struct Documentation

struct `BB_t`

Bounding box structure. Used to represent the bounding box around a RoI.

##### Public Members

uint32\_t `frame_id`

Frame id corresponding to the bounding box.

uint32\_t `track_id`

Track id corresponding to the bounding box.

uint32\_t **bb\_x**

Center  $x$  of the bounding box.

uint32\_t **bb\_y**

Center  $y$  of the bounding box.

uint32\_t **rx**

Radius  $x$  of the bounding box.

uint32\_t **ry**

Radius  $y$  of the bounding box.

int **is\_extrapolated**

Boolean that defines if the bounding box is a real bounding box (from a connected-component) or if it has been extrapolated in the tracking.

### Struct CCL\_data\_t

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_CCL\_CCL\_struct.h

### Struct Documentation

struct **CCL\_data\_t**

Inner CCL data required to perform labeling.

#### Public Members

int **i0**

First  $y$  index in the image (included).

int **i1**

Last  $y$  index in the image (included).

int **j0**

First  $x$  index in the image (included).

int **j1**

Last  $x$  index in the image (included).

uint32\_t **\*\*er**

Relative labels.

uint32\_t **\*\*era**

Relative <-> absolute labels equivalences.

uint32\_t **\*\*rlc**

Run-length coding.

uint32\_t **\*eq**

Table of equivalence.

uint32\_t **\*ner**

Number of relative labels.

### Struct `img_data_t`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_image_image_struct.h`

### Struct Documentation

struct `img_data_t`

Image data structure. Used for storing images according to different libraries (OpenCV / NRC). Note that this container can be used for grayscale and color images because it relies on opaque types.

#### Public Members

size\_t **height**

Image height.

size\_t **width**

Image width.

void **\*pixels**

Opaque type, contains image data (= the pixels).

void **\*container\_2d**

Opaque type, contains 2D image container.

### Struct `kNN_data_t`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_kNN_kNN_struct.h`

## Struct Documentation

struct **knn\_data\_t**

Inner data structure required to compute associations between RoIs.

### Public Members

float **\*\*distances**

2D array of euclidean distances ( `[_max_size][_max_size]`).  $y$  axis represents RoIs at  $t - 1$  and  $x$  axis represents RoIs at  $t$ . For instance, `distances[i][j]` represents the distance between  $RoI_{t-1}^i$  and  $RoI_t^j$ . Note that sometime, for efficiency reasons, the implementation may choose to store squared euclidean distances instead of euclidean distances.

uint32\_t **\*\*nearest**

2D array of ranks ( `[_max_size][_max_size]`).  $y$  axis represents RoIs at  $t - 1$  and  $x$  axis represents RoIs at  $t$ . For instance, `nearest[i][j]` represents the rank of  $RoI_{t-1}^i$  and  $RoI_t^j$ . Rank = 1 means that  $i$  and  $j$  are the closest possible RoIs association, rank = 2 means that  $i$  and  $j$  are the second closest possible RoIs association, and so on. Rank = 0 means that  $i$  and  $j$  were not associated together (common reason is that they are too far from each others).

uint32\_t **\*conflicts**

1D array of conflicts ( `[_max_size]`). A conflict happens when they are more than one  $RoI_{t-1}$  that is the closet to  $RoI_t^j$ . `conflicts[j]` contains 0 if there is no conflict. `conflicts[j]` contains more than 0 if there are conflicts. For instance if  $RoI_{t-1}^{i1}$ ,  $RoI_{t-1}^{i2}$  and  $RoI_{t-1}^{i3}$  are all the closest to  $RoI_t^j$ , then `conflicts[j] = 2`. This buffer is allocated only if the `FMDT_ENABLE_DEBUG` macro is defined.

size\_t **\_max\_size**

Maximum number of RoIs allocated in the previous fields.

## Struct motion\_t

- Defined in file `_c_fmdt_motion_motion_struct.h`

## Struct Documentation

struct **motion\_t**

Structure that defines the global motion estimation between two consecutive images at  $t - 1$  and  $t$ . These fields define an angle and a translation vector from  $I_t$  to  $I_{t-1}$ .

### Public Members

float **theta**

Rotation angle in radian.

float **tx**

*x* component of the translation vector.

float **ty**

*y* component of the translation vector.

float **mean\_error**

Mean error of the global motion estimation.

float **std\_deviation**

Standard deviation of the global motion estimation.

### Struct `rgb8_t`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_image_image_struct.h`

### Struct Documentation

struct **rgb8\_t**

Red Green Blue (RGB) structure.

### Public Members

uint8\_t **r**

Red color component.

uint8\_t **g**

Green color component.

uint8\_t **b**

Blue color component.

## Struct RoI\_t

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_tracking\_tracking\_struct.h

## Struct Documentation

struct **RoI\_t**

Features required in the tracking.

### Public Members

uint32\_t **id**

RoI unique identifiers. A RoI identifier should starts from 1 while 0 should be reserved for uninitialized structure.

uint32\_t **frame**

Frame number of the RoI.

uint32\_t **xmin**

Minimum  $x$  coordinates of the bounding box.

uint32\_t **xmax**

Maximum  $x$  coordinates of the bounding box.

uint32\_t **ymin**

Minimum  $y$  coordinates of the bounding box.

uint32\_t **ymax**

Maximum  $y$  coordinates of the bounding box.

uint32\_t **S**

Numbers of points/pixels = surfaces of the RoIs.

float **x**

$x$  coordinates of the centroid ( $x = S_x/S$ ).

float **y**

$y$  coordinates of the centroid ( $y = S_y/S$ ).

uint32\_t **prev\_id**

Previous corresponding RoI identifiers ( $RoI_{t-1} \leftrightarrow RoI_t$ ).

uint32\_t **next\_id**

Next corresponding RoI identifiers ( $RoI_t \leftrightarrow RoI_{t+1}$ ).

float **dx**

$x$  components of the distance between centroids at  $t - 1$  and  $t$ .

float **dy**

$y$  components of the distance between centroids at  $t - 1$  and  $t$ .

float **error**

Velocity norm / error.  $e = \sqrt{dx^2 + dy^2}$ .

uint32\_t **magnitude**

Magnitudes or brightness of the RoIs. Sums of the pixels intensities.

uint32\_t **time**

Number of times the RoI and its predecessors have been associated (non-moving RoI).

uint32\_t **time\_motion**

Number of times the RoI and its predecessors have been associated (moving RoI).

uint8\_t **is\_extrapolated**

Boolean that defines if this RoI has been extrapolated. It prevents to associate it to a new track.

## Struct Rols\_asso\_t

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_features\_features\_struct.h

## Struct Documentation

struct **RoIs\_asso\_t**

Associations between RoIs.  $RoI_{t-1} \leftrightarrow RoI_t$  and  $RoI_t \leftrightarrow RoI_{t+1}$ . Generally these associations are computed by a  $k$ -Nearest Neighbors ( $k$ -NN) matching algorithm. The memory layout is a Structure of Arrays (SoA), each field is an array of `_max_size` capacity (except for `_max_size` itself and `_size` fields that are both scalar values).

## Public Members

uint32\_t **\*id**

RoI unique identifiers. A RoI identifier should starts from 1 while 0 should be reserved for uninitialized structure.

uint32\_t **\*prev\_id**

Previous corresponding RoI identifiers ( $RoI_{t-1} \leftrightarrow RoI_t$ ).

uint32\_t **\*next\_id**

Next corresponding RoI identifiers ( $RoI_t \leftrightarrow RoI_{t+1}$ ).

`size_t *_size`

Current number of RoIs in each *feature* field. Note: this field a pointer but it has to be a scalar value.

`size_t *_max_size`

Maximum capacity of each *feature* field (= maximum number of elements in the arrays). Note: this field a pointer but it has to be a scalar value.

### Struct `RoIs_basic_t`

- Defined in file `_c_fmdt_features_features_struct.h`

### Struct Documentation

struct `RoIs_basic_t`

Basic features: bounding box, surface & centroid. A bounding box represents a rectangular box around the RoI. The surface is the number of pixels that are in the connected-component (CC). The centroid is the center of mass of the RoI. The memory layout is a Structure of Arrays (SoA), each field is an array of `_max_size` capacity (except for `_max_size` itself and `_size` fields that are both scalar values).

### Public Members

`uint32_t *id`

RoI unique identifiers. A RoI identifier should starts from 1 while 0 should be reserved for uninitialized structure.

`uint32_t *xmin`

Minimum *x* coordinates of the bounding box.

`uint32_t *xmax`

Maximum *x* coordinates of the bounding box.

`uint32_t *ymin`

Minimum *y* coordinates of the bounding box.

`uint32_t *ymax`

Maximum *y* coordinates of the bounding box.

`uint32_t *S`

Numbers of points/pixels = surfaces of the RoIs.

`uint32_t *Sx`

Sums of *x* properties.

uint32\_t \***Sy**

Sums of  $y$  properties.

float \***x**

$x$  coordinates of the centroid ( $x = S_x/S$ ).

float \***y**

$y$  coordinates of the centroid ( $y = S_y/S$ ).

size\_t \***\_size**

Current number of RoIs in each *feature* field. Note: this field a pointer but it has to be a scalar value.

size\_t \***\_max\_size**

Maximum capacity of each *feature* field (= maximum number of elements in the arrays). Note: this field a pointer but it has to be a scalar value.

## Struct `RoIs_history_t`

- Defined in file `c_fmtd_tracking_tracking_struct.h`

## Struct Documentation

struct **RoIs\_history\_t**

History of the previous RoI features. This structure allows to access RoI in the past frames. RoIs at  $t$  are stored in the first array element while RoIs at  $t - \_size$  are store in the  $\_size - 1$  element. The memory layout is a Structure of Arrays (SoA), each field is an array of `_max_size` capacity (except for `_max_size` itself and `_size` fields that are both scalar values).

## Public Members

*RoI\_t* \*\***array**

2D array of RoIs, the first dimension is the time and the second dimension is the RoIs at a given time.

*motion\_t* \***motion**

Array of motion estimations.

uint32\_t \***n\_RoIs**

Array of numbers of RoIs.

uint32\_t **\_max\_n\_RoIs**

Maximum number of RoIs.

size\_t **\_size**

Current size/utilization of the fields.

size\_t **\_max\_size**

Maximum capacity of data that can be contained in the fields.

### Struct `RoIs_misc_t`

- Defined in file `file_c_fmtdt_features_features_struct.h`

### Struct Documentation

struct `RoIs_misc_t`

Miscellaneous features. This structure contains features that are considered “less important” than others. The memory layout is a Structure of Arrays (SoA), each field is an array of `_max_size` capacity (except for `_max_size` itself and `_size` fields that are both scalar values).

#### Public Members

uint32\_t \***id**

RoI unique identifiers. A RoI identifier should starts from 1 while 0 should be reserved for uninitialized structure.

uint32\_t \***magnitude**

Magnitudes or brightness of the RoIs. Sums of the pixels intensities.

uint32\_t \***sat\_count**

Number of pixels that are saturated in the CC. A pixel is saturated if its intensity  $I_p$  is equal to the maximum value (here it is 255).

size\_t \***\_size**

Current size/utilization of the fields. Note: it is allocated on the heap but it represents only one value.

size\_t \***\_max\_size**

Maximum capacity of data that can be contained in the fields. Note: it is allocated on the heap but it represents only one value.

### Struct `RoIs_motion_t`

- Defined in file `file_c_fmtdt_features_features_struct.h`

## Struct Documentation

### struct **RoIs\_motion\_t**

Motion between RoI at  $t - 1$  and  $t$ . The features of this structure are values computed after motion compensation. The memory layout is a Structure of Arrays (SoA), each field is an array of `_max_size` capacity (except for `_max_size` itself and `_size` fields that are both scalar values).

### Public Members

`uint32_t *id`

RoI unique identifiers. A RoI identifier should starts from 1 while 0 should be reserved for uninitialized structure.

`float *dx`

$x$  components of the distance between centroids at  $t - 1$  and  $t$ . It can represent either abscissa velocity (if `is_moving == 1`) or abscissa error distance (if `is_moving == 0`).

`float *dy`

$y$  components of the distance between centroids at  $t - 1$  and  $t$ . It can represent either ordinate velocity (if `is_moving == 1`) or ordinate error distance if (`is_moving == 0`).

`float *error`

Velocity norm (if `is_moving == 1`) or error (if `is_moving == 0`).  $e = \sqrt{dx^2 + dy^2}$ .

`uint8_t *is_moving`

Boolean that defines if the RoI is moving (`is_moving == 1`) or not (`is_moving == 0`).

`size_t *_size`

Current size/utilization of the fields. Note: it is allocated on the heap but it represents only one value.

`size_t *_max_size`

Maximum capacity of data that can be contained in the fields. Note: it is allocated on the heap but it represents only one value.

### Struct **Rols\_t**

- Defined in file `_c_fmdt_features_features_struct.h`

## Struct Documentation

struct **RoIs\_t**

Structure of RoI structures. This structure contains all previously defined RoI structures. `id`, `_size` and `_max_size` fields are shared with the sub-structures.

**See also:**

*RoIs\_basic\_t*.

**See also:**

*RoIs\_asso\_t*.

**See also:**

*RoIs\_motion\_t*.

**See also:**

*RoIs\_misc\_t*.

### Public Members

`uint32_t *id`

RoI unique identifiers. A RoI identifier should starts from 1 while 0 should be reserved for uninitialized structure.

*RoIs\_basic\_t* \***basic**

Basic features.

*RoIs\_asso\_t* \***asso**

Association features.

*RoIs\_motion\_t* \***motion**

Motion features.

*RoIs\_misc\_t* \***misc**

Miscellaneous features.

`size_t _size`

Current size/utilization of the fields.

`size_t _max_size`

Maximum capacity of data that can be contained in the fields.

## Struct `track_t`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_tracking_tracking_struct.h`

## Struct Documentation

struct **track\_t**

Description of a track.

### Public Members

uint32\_t **id**

Track unique identifiers. A track identifier should starts from 1 while 0 should be reserved for uninitialized structure.

*RoI\_t* **begin**

First RoI corresponding to this track.

*RoI\_t* **end**

Last RoI corresponding to this track.

float **extrapol\_x**

Last  $x$  position of the extrapolated track (used only if `state == STATE_LOST`).

float **extrapol\_y**

Last  $y$  position of the extrapolated track (used only if `state == STATE_LOST`).

float **extrapol\_u**

Velocity  $x$  estimation of the track for extrapolation (used only if `state == STATE_LOST`).

float **extrapol\_v**

Velocity  $y$  estimation of the track for extrapolation (used only if `state == STATE_LOST`).

uint8\_t **extrapol\_order**

Number of times this track has been extrapolated (used only if `state == STATE_LOST`).

enum *state\_e* **state**

State of the track.

enum *obj\_e* **obj\_type**

Object type (classification).

enum *change\_state\_reason\_e* **change\_state\_reason**

Reason of the noise type classification.

*vec\_uint32\_t* **magnitude**

Vector of the magnitudes history of this track.

### Struct `tracking_data_t`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_tracking_tracking_struct.h`

### Struct Documentation

struct **tracking\_data\_t**

Inner data used by the tracking.

#### Public Members

*vec\_track\_t* **tracks**

Vector of tracks.

*RoIs\_history\_t* \***RoIs\_history**

RoIs history.

*RoI\_t* \***RoIs\_list**

List of RoIs. This is a temporary array used to group all the RoIs belonging to a same track.

### Struct `validation_obj_t`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_validation_validation_struct.h`

### Struct Documentation

struct **validation\_obj\_t**

Data corresponding to a ground truth track.

#### Public Members

int16\_t **t0**

float **x0**

float **y0**

int16\_t **t1**

float **x1**

float **y1**

int16\_t **t0\_min**

int16\_t **t1\_max**

int **track\_t0**

int **track\_t1**

float **track\_y0**

float **track\_x0**

float **track\_x1**

float **track\_y1**

float **bb\_x0**

float **bb\_x1**

float **bb\_y0**

float **bb\_y1**

int16\_t **bb\_x0\_m**

int16\_t **bb\_x1\_m**

int16\_t **bb\_y0\_m**

int16\_t **bb\_y1\_m**

int16\_t **bb\_x0\_p**

int16\_t **bb\_x1\_p**

int16\_t **bb\_y0\_p**

int16\_t **bb\_y1\_p**

float **a**

float **b**

uint8\_t **dirX**

uint8\_t **dirY**

*track\_t* \***track**

unsigned **track\_id**

float **xt**

float **yt**

uint16\_t **nb\_tracks**

uint16\_t **hits**

uint16\_t **is\_valid**

uint16\_t **is\_valid\_last**

enum *obj\_e* **obj\_type**

### Struct **video\_reader\_t**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_video\_video\_struct.h

### Struct Documentation

struct **video\_reader\_t**

Video reader structure.

## Public Members

ffmpeg\_options **ffmpeg\_opts**

FFMPEG options.

ffmpeg\_handle **ffmpeg**

FFMPEG handle.

size\_t **frame\_start**

Start frame number (first frame is frame 0).

size\_t **frame\_end**

Last frame number.

size\_t **frame\_skip**

Number of frames to skip between two frames (0 means no frame is skipped).

size\_t **frame\_current**

Current frame number (always starts to 0, even if `frame_start > 0`).

char **path**[2048]

Path to the video or images.

uint8\_t \*\*\***fra\_buffer**

Buffer containing the all frames in memory (may be allocated or not depending on the implementation).

size\_t **fra\_count**

Number of frames in `fra_buffer` array.

size\_t **loop\_size**

Number of times the video sequence should be played in loop (1 means that the video sequence is played once).

size\_t **cur\_loop**

Current loop.

## Struct `video_writer_t`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_video_video_struct.h`

## Struct Documentation

struct **video\_writer\_t**

Video writer structure.

### Public Members

ffmpeg\_options **ffmpeg\_opts**

FFMPEG options.

ffmpeg\_handle **ffmpeg**

FFMPEG handle.

char **path**[2048]

Path to the video or images.

## 9.3.3 Enums

### Enum **change\_state\_reason\_e**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_tracking\_tracking\_struct.h

### Enum Documentation

enum **change\_state\_reason\_e**

Enumeration of the possible reasons why an OBJ\_METEOR has been finally classified as an OBJ\_NOISE.

*Values:*

enumerator **REASON\_UNKNOWN**

Unknown (= uninitialized).

enumerator **REASON\_TOO\_BIG\_ANGLE**

Angle made by the 3 last positions is too big.

enumerator **REASON\_WRONG\_DIRECTION**

Track radically changed its direction.

enumerator **REASON\_TOO\_LONG\_DURATION**

Track lived a too long time to be a meteor.

enumerator **N\_REASONS**

Number of reasons in the enumeration.

## Enum color\_e

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_image\_image\_struct.h

## Enum Documentation

### enum color\_e

Enumeration for colors.

*Values:*

enumerator **COLOR\_MISC**

Miscellaneous color (= uninitialized).

enumerator **COLOR\_GRAY**

Gray color.

enumerator **COLOR\_GREEN**

Green color.

enumerator **COLOR\_RED**

Red color.

enumerator **COLOR\_PURPLE**

Purple color.

enumerator **COLOR\_ORANGE**

Orange color.

enumerator **COLOR\_BLUE**

Blue color.

enumerator **COLOR\_YELLOW**

Yellow color.

enumerator **N\_COLORS**

Number of colors in the enumeration.

## Enum `obj_e`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_tracking_tracking_struct.h`

## Enum Documentation

### enum `obj_e`

Enumeration of the different object types (= object classification).

*Values:*

enumerator **OBJ\_UNKNOWN**

Unknown (= uninitialized).

enumerator **OBJ\_METEOR**

Meteor.

enumerator **OBJ\_STAR**

Star.

enumerator **OBJ\_NOISE**

Noise (generally noise means that it is not a meteor and not a star).

enumerator **N\_OBJECTS**

Number of objects in the enumeration.

## Enum `pixfmt_e`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_video_video_struct.h`

## Enum Documentation

### enum `pixfmt_e`

Pixel formats enumeration.

*Values:*

enumerator **PIXFMT\_RGB24**

24 bits Red-Green-Blue.

enumerator **PIXFMT\_GRAY**

8 bits grayscale.

## Enum state\_e

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_tracking\_tracking\_struct.h

## Enum Documentation

### enum state\_e

Enumeration of the states in the tracking finite-state machine.

*Values:*

enumerator **STATE\_UNKNOWN**

Unknown (= uninitialized).

enumerator **STATE\_UPDATED**

Track has been updated (or created).

enumerator **STATE\_LOST**

Track has not been updated, it is lost.

enumerator **STATE\_FINISHED**

Track is finished.

enumerator **N\_STATES**

Number of states in the enumeration.

## 9.3.4 Functions

### Function \_CCL\_LSL\_apply

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_CCL\_CCL\_compute.h

### Function Documentation

```
uint32_t _CCL_LSL_apply(uint32_t **CCL_data_er, uint32_t **CCL_data_era, uint32_t **CCL_data_rlc, uint32_t
    *CCL_data_eq, uint32_t *CCL_data_ner, const uint8_t **img, uint32_t **labels, const
    int i0, const int i1, const int j0, const int j1)
```

Compute the Light Speed Labeling (LSL) algorithm.

#### Parameters

- **CCL\_data\_er** – Relative labels (2D array  $[i1 - i0 + 1][j1 - j0 + 1]$ ).
- **CCL\_data\_era** – Relative <-> absolute labels equivalences (2D array  $[i1 - i0 + 1][j1 - j0 + 1]$ ).
- **CCL\_data\_rlc** – Run-length coding (2D array  $[i1 - i0 + 1][j1 - j0 + 1]$ ).
- **CCL\_data\_eq** – Table of equivalence (1D array  $[(i1 - i0 + 1) * (j1 - j0 + 1)]$ ).

- **CCL\_data\_ner** – Number of relative labels (1D array  $[i1 - i0 + 1]$ ).
- **img** – Input binary image (2D array  $[i1 - i0 + 1][j1 - j0 + 1]$ ,  $\{0, 1\}$  has to be coded as  $\{0, 255\}$ ).
- **labels** – Output labels (2D array  $[i1 - i0 + 1][j1 - j0 + 1]$ . The labels are in  $[1; 2^{32} - 1]$  and 0 value means no label).
- **i0** – First  $y$  index in the image (included).
- **i1** – Last  $y$  index in the image (included).
- **j0** – First  $x$  index in the image (included).
- **j1** – Last  $x$  index in the image (included).

**Returns** Number of labels.

### Function `features_compute_magnitude`

- Defined in file `_c_fmdt_features_features_compute.h`

### Function Documentation

```
void _features_compute_magnitude(const uint8_t **img, const uint32_t img_width, const uint32_t img_height,
                                const uint32_t **labels, const uint32_t *RoIs_xmin, const uint32_t
                                *RoIs_xmax, const uint32_t *RoIs_ymin, const uint32_t *RoIs_ymax,
                                const uint32_t *RoIs_S, uint32_t *RoIs_magnitude, uint32_t
                                *RoIs_sat_count, const size_t n_RoIs)
```

Compute magnitude features. The magnitude represents the brightness of a RoI. In a first time, the sum of the pixels intensities is performed. In a second time, the noise level around the connected-component is subtracted

to give a better estimation of the real brightness. The magnitude can be defined as follow:  $M = \sum_{p=0}^P i_p -$

$((\sum_{n=0}^N i_n)/N) \times P$ , where  $P$  is the the number of pixels in the current CC,  $i_x$  is the brightness of the pixel  $x$  and  $N$  is the number of noisy pixels considered. In addition, this function can also compute the saturation counter for each RoI (e. g. the number of pixels that have an intensity  $I_p = 255$ ).

**See also:**

[\*RoIs\\_basic\\_t\*](#) for more explanations about the basic features.

**See also:**

[\*RoIs\\_misc\\_t\*](#) for more explanations about the miscellaneous features.

#### Parameters

- **img** – Image in grayscale ( `[img_height][img_width]`, the values of the pixel range are `[0; 255]`).
- **img\_width** – Image width.
- **img\_height** – Image height.
- **labels** – 2D array of labels ( `[img_height][img_width]`).
- **RoIs\_xmin** – Array of minimum  $x$  coordinates of the bounding box.

- **RoIs\_xmax** – Array of maximum  $x$  coordinates of the bounding box.
- **RoIs\_ymin** – Array of minimum  $y$  coordinates of the bounding box.
- **RoIs\_ymax** – Array of maximum  $y$  coordinates of the bounding box.
- **RoIs\_S** – Array of RoI surfaces.
- **RoIs\_magnitude** – Array of RoI magnitudes.
- **RoIs\_sat\_count** – Array of RoI saturation counters (if NULL, the saturation counter is not computed).
- **n\_RoIs** – Number of connected-components (= number of RoIs).

### Function `features_extract`

- Defined in file `c_fmdt_features_features_compute.h`

### Function Documentation

```
void _features_extract(const uint32_t **labels, const int i0, const int i1, const int j0, const int j1, uint32_t
    *RoIs_id, uint32_t *RoIs_xmin, uint32_t *RoIs_xmax, uint32_t *RoIs_ymin, uint32_t
    *RoIs_ymax, uint32_t *RoIs_S, uint32_t *RoIs_Sx, uint32_t *RoIs_Sy, float *RoIs_x,
    float *RoIs_y, const size_t n_RoIs)
```

Basic features extraction from a 2D array of `labels`. In other words, this function converts a (sparse ?) 2-dimensional representation of connected-components (CCs) into a list of CCs.

**See also:**

[\*RoIs\\_basic\\_t\*](#) for more explanations about the features.

#### Parameters

- **labels** – 2D array of labels ( $[i1 - i0 + 1][j1 - j0 + 1]$ ).
- **i0** – First  $y$  index in the labels (included).
- **i1** – Last  $y$  index in the labels (included).
- **j0** – First  $x$  index in the labels (included).
- **j1** – Last  $x$  index in the labels (included).
- **RoIs\_id** – Array of RoI unique identifiers.
- **RoIs\_xmin** – Array of minimum  $x$  coordinates of the bounding box.
- **RoIs\_xmax** – Array of maximum  $x$  coordinates of the bounding box.
- **RoIs\_ymin** – Array of minimum  $y$  coordinates of the bounding box.
- **RoIs\_ymax** – Array of maximum  $y$  coordinates of the bounding box.
- **RoIs\_S** – Array of RoI surfaces.
- **RoIs\_Sx** – Array of sums of  $x$  properties.
- **RoIs\_Sy** – Array of sums of  $y$  properties.
- **RoIs\_x** – Array of centroids abscissa.
- **RoIs\_y** – Array of centroids ordinate.

- **n\_RoIs** – Number of connected-components (= number of RoIs) in the 2D array of labels.

## Function `_features_merge_CCL_HI_v2`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_features_features_compute.h`

## Function Documentation

```
void _features_merge_CCL_HI_v2(const uint32_t **in_labels, const uint8_t **img_HI, uint32_t **out_labels,
                               const int i0, const int i1, const int j0, const int j1, uint32_t *RoIs_id, const
                               uint32_t *RoIs_xmin, const uint32_t *RoIs_xmax, const uint32_t
                               *RoIs_ymin, const uint32_t *RoIs_ymax, const uint32_t *RoIs_S, const
                               size_t n_RoIs, const uint32_t S_min, const uint32_t S_max)
```

Hysteresis re-labeling and morphological thresholding. From a 2D array of labels (`in_label`) and a binary image (`img_HI`), the function generates a new 2D array of labels (`out_labels`). The newly produced labels (`out_labels`) are a sub-set of the “old” labels (`in_labels`). Labels from `in_labels` are kept in `out_labels` only if at least one pixel of the current connected-component exists in the binary image (`img_HI`). Finally, this function performs a morphological thresholding as follow: if  $S_{min} > S$  or  $S > S_{max}$  then the corresponding `RoIs_id` is set to 0.

### See also:

[RoIs\\_basic\\_t](#) for more explanations about the features.

### Parameters

- **in\_labels** – Input 2D array of labels ( $[i1 - i0 + 1][j1 - j0 + 1]$ ).
- **img\_HI** – Binary image (2D array  $[i1 - i0 + 1][j1 - j0 + 1]$ ,  $\{0, 1\}$  has to be coded as  $\{0, 255\}$ ). This image results from a threshold filter on the original image. This threshold filter should be higher than the first one used to compute the initial labels (`in_labels`).
- **out\_labels** – Output 2D array of labels ( $[i1 - i0 + 1][j1 - j0 + 1]$ ). `out_labels` can be NULL, this way only the features will be updated. `out_labels` can also be the same pointer as `in_labels`, this way the output labels will be computed in place.
- **i0** – First  $y$  index in the labels (included).
- **i1** – Last  $y$  index in the labels (included).
- **j0** – First  $x$  index in the labels (included).
- **j1** – Last  $x$  index in the labels (included).
- **RoIs\_id** – Array of RoI unique identifiers.
- **RoIs\_xmin** – Array of minimum  $x$  coordinates of the bounding box.
- **RoIs\_xmax** – Array of maximum  $x$  coordinates of the bounding box.
- **RoIs\_ymin** – Array of minimum  $y$  coordinates of the bounding box.
- **RoIs\_ymax** – Array of maximum  $y$  coordinates of the bounding box.
- **RoIs\_S** – Array of RoI surfaces.
- **n\_RoIs** – Number of connected-components (= number of RoIs) in the 2D array of `in_labels`.
- **S\_min** – Minimum morphological threshold.

- **S\_max** – Maximum morphological threshold.

### Function `_features_RoIs0_RoIs1_write`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_features_features_io.h`

### Function Documentation

```
void _features_RoIs0_RoIs1_write(FILE *f, const int prev_frame, const int cur_frame, const uint32_t
    *RoIs0_id, const uint32_t *RoIs0_xmin, const uint32_t *RoIs0_xmax,
    const uint32_t *RoIs0_ymin, const uint32_t *RoIs0_ymax, const uint32_t
    *RoIs0_S, const uint32_t *RoIs0_Sx, const uint32_t *RoIs0_Sy, const float
    *RoIs0_x, const float *RoIs0_y, const uint32_t *RoIs0_magnitude, const
    uint32_t *RoIs0_sat_count, const size_t n_RoIs0, const uint32_t
    *RoIs1_id, const uint32_t *RoIs1_xmin, const uint32_t *RoIs1_xmax,
    const uint32_t *RoIs1_ymin, const uint32_t *RoIs1_ymax, const uint32_t
    *RoIs1_S, const uint32_t *RoIs1_Sx, const uint32_t *RoIs1_Sy, const float
    *RoIs1_x, const float *RoIs1_y, const uint32_t *RoIs1_magnitude, const
    uint32_t *RoIs1_sat_count, const size_t n_RoIs1, const vec_track_t tracks)
```

Print two tables of RoIs, one at  $t - 1$  and one at  $t$ .

**See also:**

[RoIs\\_basic\\_t](#) for more explanations about the features.

**See also:**

[RoIs\\_misc\\_t](#) for more explanations about the features.

#### Parameters

- **f** – File descriptor (in write mode).
- **prev\_frame** – Frame id corresponding to the RoIs at  $t - 1$ .
- **cur\_frame** – Frame id corresponding to the RoIs at  $t$ .
- **RoIs0\_id** – Array of RoI unique identifiers (at  $t - 1$ ).
- **RoIs0\_xmin** – Array of minimum  $x$  coordinates of the bounding box (at  $t - 1$ ).
- **RoIs0\_xmax** – Array of maximum  $x$  coordinates of the bounding box (at  $t - 1$ ).
- **RoIs0\_ymin** – Array of minimum  $y$  coordinates of the bounding box (at  $t - 1$ ).
- **RoIs0\_ymax** – Array of maximum  $y$  coordinates of the bounding box (at  $t - 1$ ).
- **RoIs0\_S** – Array of RoI surfaces (at  $t - 1$ ).
- **RoIs0\_Sx** – Array of sums of  $x$  properties (at  $t - 1$ ).
- **RoIs0\_Sy** – Array of sums of  $y$  properties (at  $t - 1$ ).
- **RoIs0\_x** – Array of centroids abscissa (at  $t - 1$ ).
- **RoIs0\_y** – Array of centroids ordinate (at  $t - 1$ ).
- **RoIs0\_magnitude** – Array of RoI magnitudes (at  $t - 1$ ) (if NULL, the magnitudes are not shown).

- **RoIs0\_sat\_count** – Array of RoI saturation counters (at  $t - 1$ ) (if NULL, the saturation counters are not shown).
- **n\_RoIs0** – Number of connected-components (= number of RoIs) in the 2D array of `labels` (at  $t - 1$ ).
- **RoIs1\_id** – Array of RoI unique identifiers (at  $t$ ).
- **RoIs1\_xmin** – Array of minimum  $x$  coordinates of the bounding box (at  $t$ ).
- **RoIs1\_xmax** – Array of maximum  $x$  coordinates of the bounding box (at  $t$ ).
- **RoIs1\_ymin** – Array of minimum  $y$  coordinates of the bounding box (at  $t$ ).
- **RoIs1\_ymax** – Array of maximum  $y$  coordinates of the bounding box (at  $t$ ).
- **RoIs1\_S** – Array of RoI surfaces (at  $t$ ).
- **RoIs1\_Sx** – Array of sums of  $x$  properties (at  $t$ ).
- **RoIs1\_Sy** – Array of sums of  $y$  properties (at  $t$ ).
- **RoIs1\_x** – Array of centroids abscissa (at  $t$ ).
- **RoIs1\_y** – Array of centroids ordinate (at  $t$ ).
- **RoIs1\_magnitude** – Array of RoI magnitudes (at  $t$ ) (if NULL, the magnitudes are not shown).
- **RoIs1\_sat\_count** – Array of RoI saturation counters (at  $t$ ) (if NULL, the saturation counters are not shown).
- **n\_RoIs1** – Number of connected-components (= number of RoIs) in the 2D array of `labels` (at  $t$ ).
- **tracks** – Vector of tracks. It enables to match RoIs with corresponding track in the table of RoIs.

### Function `_features_RoIs_write`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_features_features_io.h`

### Function Documentation

```
void _features_RoIs_write(FILE *f, const int frame, const uint32_t *RoIs_id, const uint32_t *RoIs_xmin, const
    uint32_t *RoIs_xmax, const uint32_t *RoIs_ymin, const uint32_t *RoIs_ymax,
    const uint32_t *RoIs_S, const uint32_t *RoIs_Sx, const uint32_t *RoIs_Sy, const
    float *RoIs_x, const float *RoIs_y, const uint32_t *RoIs_magnitude, const uint32_t
    *RoIs_sat_count, const size_t n_RoIs, const vec_track_t tracks, const unsigned age)
```

Print a table of RoIs.

**See also:**

[\*RoIs\\_basic\\_t\*](#) for more explanations about the features.

**See also:**

[\*RoIs\\_misc\\_t\*](#) for more explanations about the features.

#### Parameters

- **f** – File descriptor (in write mode).

- **frame** – Frame id corresponding to the RoIs.
- **RoIs\_id** – Array of RoI unique identifiers.
- **RoIs\_xmin** – Array of minimum  $x$  coordinates of the bounding box.
- **RoIs\_xmax** – Array of maximum  $x$  coordinates of the bounding box.
- **RoIs\_ymin** – Array of minimum  $y$  coordinates of the bounding box.
- **RoIs\_ymax** – Array of maximum  $y$  coordinates of the bounding box.
- **RoIs\_S** – Array of RoI surfaces.
- **RoIs\_Sx** – Array of sums of  $x$  properties.
- **RoIs\_Sy** – Array of sums of  $y$  properties.
- **RoIs\_x** – Array of centroids abscissa.
- **RoIs\_y** – Array of centroids ordinate.
- **RoIs\_magnitude** – Array of RoI magnitudes (if NULL, the magnitudes are not shown).
- **RoIs\_sat\_count** – Array of RoI saturation counters (if NULL, the saturation counters are not shown).
- **n\_RoIs** – Number of connected-components (= number of RoIs) in the 2D array of labels.
- **tracks** – Vector of tracks. It enables to match RoIs with corresponding track in the table of RoIs.
- **age** – 0 if **frame** is the current frame, 1 if **frame** is the  $t - 1$  frame. This is mandatory to find the corresponding track (if any).

### Function `features_shrink`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_features_features_compute.h`

### Function Documentation

```
size_t features_shrink(const uint32_t *RoIs_src_id, const uint32_t *RoIs_src_xmin, const uint32_t
    *RoIs_src_xmax, const uint32_t *RoIs_src_ymin, const uint32_t *RoIs_src_ymax, const
    uint32_t *RoIs_src_S, const uint32_t *RoIs_src_Sx, const uint32_t *RoIs_src_Sy, const
    float *RoIs_src_x, const float *RoIs_src_y, const size_t n_RoIs_src, uint32_t
    *RoIs_dst_id, uint32_t *RoIs_dst_xmin, uint32_t *RoIs_dst_xmax, uint32_t
    *RoIs_dst_ymin, uint32_t *RoIs_dst_ymax, uint32_t *RoIs_dst_S, uint32_t
    *RoIs_dst_Sx, uint32_t *RoIs_dst_Sy, float *RoIs_dst_x, float *RoIs_dst_y)
```

Shrink features. Remove features when feature identifier value is 0. Source features (`RoIs_src_X`) are copied into destination features (`RoIs_dst_X`) if `RoIs_src_id > 0`.

**See also:**

[\*features\\_merge\\_CCL\\_HI\\_v2\*](#) for more explanations about why some identifiers can be set to 0.

**See also:**

[\*RoIs\\_basic\\_t\*](#) for more explanations about the features.

#### Parameters

- **RoIs\_src\_id** – Source array of RoI unique identifiers.

- **RoIs\_src\_xmin** – Source array of minimum  $x$  coordinates of the bounding box.
- **RoIs\_src\_xmax** – Source array of maximum  $x$  coordinates of the bounding box.
- **RoIs\_src\_ymin** – Source array of minimum  $y$  coordinates of the bounding box.
- **RoIs\_src\_ymax** – Source array of maximum  $y$  coordinates of the bounding box.
- **RoIs\_src\_S** – Source array of RoI surfaces.
- **RoIs\_src\_Sx** – Source array of sums of  $x$  properties.
- **RoIs\_src\_Sy** – Source array of sums of  $y$  properties.
- **RoIs\_src\_x** – Source array of centroids abscissas.
- **RoIs\_src\_y** – Source array of centroids ordinates.
- **n\_RoIs\_src** – Number of RoIs in the previous arrays.
- **RoIs\_dst\_id** – Destination array of RoI unique identifiers.
- **RoIs\_dst\_xmin** – Destination array of minimum  $x$  coordinates of the bounding box.
- **RoIs\_dst\_xmax** – Destination array of maximum  $x$  coordinates of the bounding box.
- **RoIs\_dst\_ymin** – Destination array of minimum  $y$  coordinates of the bounding box.
- **RoIs\_dst\_ymax** – Destination array of maximum  $y$  coordinates of the bounding box.
- **RoIs\_dst\_S** – Destination array of RoI surfaces.
- **RoIs\_dst\_Sx** – Destination array of sums of  $x$  properties.
- **RoIs\_dst\_Sy** – Destination array of sums of  $y$  properties.
- **RoIs\_dst\_x** – Destination array of centroids abscissas.
- **RoIs\_dst\_y** – Destination array of centroids ordinates.

**Returns** Number of regions of interest (RoIs) after the data shrink.

### Function `_image_gs_draw_labels`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_image_image_compute.h`

### Function Documentation

```
void _image_gs_draw_labels(img_data_t *img_data, const uint32_t **labels, const uint32_t *RoIs_id, const
    uint32_t *RoIs_xmax, const uint32_t *RoIs_ymin, const uint32_t *RoIs_ymax,
    const size_t n_RoIs, const uint8_t show_id)
```

Convert labels into a black & white image. If the program is linked with the OpenCV library, then the `show_id` boolean can be used to draw the label number on the black & white image.

#### Parameters

- **img\_data** – Image data.
- **labels** – Labels (2D array of size `[img_data->height][img_data->width]`).
- **RoIs\_id** – Array of RoI unique identifiers (useful only if `show_id == 1`).
- **RoIs\_xmax** – Array of maximum  $x$  coordinates of the bounding box (useful only if `show_id == 1`).

- **RoIs\_ymin** – Array of minimum  $y$  coordinates of the bounding box (useful only if `show_id == 1`).
- **RoIs\_ymax** – Array of maximum  $y$  coordinates of the bounding box (useful only if `show_id == 1`).
- **n\_RoIs** – Number of connected-components (= number of RoIs) (useful only if `show_id == 1`).
- **show\_id** – Boolean to enable display of the label numbers (has no effect if the program has not be linked with the OpenCV library).

### Function `_kNN_asso_conflicts_write`

- Defined in file `_c_fmdt_kNN_kNN_io.h`

### Function Documentation

```
void _kNN_asso_conflicts_write(FILE *f, const float **kNN_data_distances, const uint32_t
                               **kNN_data_nearest, const uint32_t *kNN_data_conflicts, const uint32_t
                               *RoIs0_id, const uint32_t *RoIs0_next_id, const size_t n_RoIs0, const float
                               *RoIs1_dx, const float *RoIs1_dy, const float *RoIs1_error, const uint8_t
                               *RoIs1_is_moving, const size_t n_RoIs1)
```

Print a table of RoIs association features plus the corresponding RoIs motion features.

#### Parameters

- **f** – File descriptor (in write mode).
- **kNN\_data\_distances** – 2D array of euclidean distances.
- **kNN\_data\_nearest** – 2D array of ranks.
- **kNN\_data\_conflicts** – 1D array of conflicts. The conflicts are printed only if the `FMDT_ENABLE_DEBUG` macro is defined.
- **RoIs0\_id** – Array of RoI unique identifiers (at  $t - 1$ ).
- **RoIs0\_next\_id** – Array of RoI identifiers at  $t - 1 + 1 = t$ .
- **n\_RoIs0** – Number of connected-components (= number of RoIs) (at  $t - 1$ ).
- **RoIs1\_dx** – Array of  $x$  components of the distance between centroids at  $t - 1$  and  $t$ .
- **RoIs1\_dy** – Array of  $y$  components of the distance between centroids at  $t - 1$  and  $t$ .
- **RoIs1\_error** – Array of velocity norms (if `is_moving == 1`) or error (if `is_moving == 0`).
- **RoIs1\_is\_moving** – Array of booleans that define if the RoI is moving.
- **n\_RoIs1** – Number of connected-components (= number of RoIs) (at  $t$ ).

## Function `_kNN_match`

- Defined in file `c_fmdt_kNN_kNN_compute.h`

## Function Documentation

```
void _kNN_match(float **data_distances, uint32_t **data_nearest, uint32_t *data_conflicts, const uint32_t
    *RoIs0_id, const uint32_t *RoIs0_S, const float *RoIs0_x, const float *RoIs0_y, uint32_t
    *RoIs0_next_id, const size_t n_RoIs0, const uint32_t *RoIs1_id, const uint32_t *RoIs1_S, const
    float *RoIs1_x, const float *RoIs1_y, uint32_t *RoIs1_prev_id, const size_t n_RoIs1, const int k,
    const uint32_t max_dist, const float min_ratio_S)
```

Compute associations between RoIs at  $t - 1$  and RoIs at  $t$ .

### Parameters

- **data\_distances** – 2D array of euclidean distances.
- **data\_nearest** – 2D array of ranks.
- **data\_conflicts** – 1D array of conflicts. The conflicts are filled only if the `FMDT_ENABLE_DEBUG` macro is defined.
- **RoIs0\_id** – Array of RoI unique identifiers (at  $t - 1$ ).
- **RoIs0\_S** – Array of RoI surfaces (at  $t - 1$ ).
- **RoIs0\_x** – Array of centroids abscissa (at  $t - 1$ ).
- **RoIs0\_y** – Array of centroids ordinate (at  $t - 1$ ).
- **RoIs0\_next\_id** – Array of RoI identifiers at  $t - 1 + 1 = t$ .
- **n\_RoIs0** – Number of connected-components (= number of RoIs) (at  $t - 1$ ).
- **RoIs1\_id** – Array of RoI unique identifiers (at  $t$ ).
- **RoIs1\_S** – Array of RoI surfaces (at  $t$ ).
- **RoIs1\_x** – Array of centroids abscissa (at  $t$ ).
- **RoIs1\_y** – Array of centroids ordinate (at  $t$ ).
- **RoIs1\_prev\_id** – Array of RoI identifiers at  $t - 1$ .
- **n\_RoIs1** – Number of connected-components (= number of RoIs) (at  $t$ ).
- **k** – Number of ranks considered for RoI associations.
- **max\_dist** – Maximum distance between 2 RoIs to make the association.
- **min\_ratio\_S** – Minimum ratio between two RoIs.  $r_S = RoI_S^j / RoI_S^i$ , if  $r_S < r_S^{min}$  then the association is not made.

## Function `_motion_compute`

- Defined in file `c_fmdt_motion_motion_compute.h`

## Function Documentation

```
void _motion_compute(const float *RoIs0_x, const float *RoIs0_y, const float *RoIs1_x, const float *RoIs1_y, float
    *RoIs1_dx, float *RoIs1_dy, float *RoIs1_error, const uint32_t *RoIs1_prev_id, uint8_t
    *RoIs1_is_moving, const size_t n_RoIs1, motion_t *motion_est1, motion_t *motion_est2)
```

Compute the global motion estimation and, after global motion compensation, compute the movement of each RoI. In order to compute the motion estimation, the translation vector  $(Tx, Ty)$  and the angle of rotation  $\theta$  must be calculated as follows:

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N [(y'_i - \bar{y})(x_i - \bar{x}) - (x'_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y})]}{\sum_{i=1}^N [(x'_i - \bar{x})(x_i - \bar{x}) + (y'_i - \bar{y})(y_i - \bar{y})]} \right),$$

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} T_x \\ T_y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x' - x \cdot \cos(\theta) + y \cdot \sin(\theta) \\ y' - x \cdot \sin(\theta) - y \cdot \cos(\theta) \end{bmatrix},$$

where  $N$  is the number of RoIs,  $(x, y)$  and  $(x', y')$  are the centroids of RoIs at  $t - 1$  and  $t$ , respectively, and

$$\bar{x} = \sum_{i=1}^N x_i \quad \bar{y} = \sum_{i=1}^N y_i \quad \bar{x}' = \sum_{i=1}^N x'_i \quad \bar{y}' = \sum_{i=1}^N y'_i.$$

For the first global motion estimation, all the associated RoIs are considered. For the second global motion estimation, only the RoIs considered as “not moving” are considered. To be considered in movement the motion norm of the RoI has to be higher than the motion standard deviation.

### Parameters

- **RoIs0\_x** – Array of centroids abscissa (at  $t - 1$ ).
- **RoIs0\_y** – Array of centroids ordinate (at  $t - 1$ ).
- **RoIs1\_x** – Array of centroids abscissa (at  $t$ ).
- **RoIs1\_y** – Array of centroids ordinate (at  $t$ ).
- **RoIs1\_dx** – Array of  $x$  components of the distance between centroids at  $t - 1$  and  $t$ .
- **RoIs1\_dy** – Array of  $y$  components of the distance between centroids at  $t - 1$  and  $t$ .
- **RoIs1\_error** – Array of velocity norms (if `is_moving == 1`) or errors (if `is_moving == 0`).
- **RoIs1\_prev\_id** – Array of previous corresponding RoI identifiers ( $RoI_{t-1} \leftrightarrow RoI_t$ ).
- **RoIs1\_is\_moving** – Array of booleans that defines if the RoI is moving (`is_moving == 1`) or not (`is_moving == 0`).
- **n\_RoIs1** – Number of connected-components (= number of RoIs) (at  $t$ ).
- **motion\_est1** – First global motion estimation.
- **motion\_est2** – Second global motion estimation.

## Function `_tracking_get_track_time`

- Defined in file `_c_fmdt_tracking_tracking_struct.h`

## Function Documentation

`size_t _tracking_get_track_time(const RoI_t track_begin, const RoI_t track_end)`

Compute the duration of a track.

### Parameters

- **track\_begin** – First RoI of the track.
- **track\_end** – Last RoI of the track.

**Returns** The elapsed time (in number of frames).

## Function `_tracking_perform`

- Defined in file `_c_fmdt_tracking_tracking_compute.h`

## Function Documentation

`void _tracking_perform(tracking_data_t *tracking_data, const uint32_t *RoIs_id, const uint32_t *RoIs_xmin, const uint32_t *RoIs_xmax, const uint32_t *RoIs_ymin, const uint32_t *RoIs_ymax, const uint32_t *RoIs_S, const float *RoIs_x, const float *RoIs_y, const float *RoIs_error, const uint32_t *RoIs_prev_id, const uint32_t *RoIs_magnitude, const size_t n_RoIs, vec_BB_t **BBs, const size_t frame, const motion_t *motion_est, const size_t r_extrapol, const float angle_max, const float diff_dev, const int track_all, const size_t fra_star_min, const size_t fra_meteor_min, const size_t fra_meteor_max, const int magnitude, const uint8_t extrapol_order_max, const float min_extrapol_ratio_S)`

Create, update and finalize tracks. This function also performs the classification of the tracks.

### Parameters

- **tracking\_data** – Inner data.
- **RoIs\_id** – Array of RoI unique identifiers (at  $t$ ).
- **RoIs\_xmin** – Array of minimum  $x$  coordinates of the bounding box (at  $t$ ).
- **RoIs\_xmax** – Array of maximum  $x$  coordinates of the bounding box (at  $t$ ).
- **RoIs\_ymin** – Array of minimum  $y$  coordinates of the bounding box (at  $t$ ).
- **RoIs\_ymax** – Array of maximum  $y$  coordinates of the bounding box (at  $t$ ).
- **RoIs\_S** – Array of RoI surfaces (at  $t$ ).
- **RoIs\_x** – Array of centroids abscissa (at  $t$ ).
- **RoIs\_y** – Array of centroids ordinate (at  $t$ ).
- **RoIs\_error** – Array of velocity norms / errors (at  $t$ ).
- **RoIs\_prev\_id** – Array of RoI identifiers at  $t - 1$  (at  $t$ ).
- **RoIs\_magnitude** – Array of RoI magnitudes (at  $t$ ).
- **n\_RoIs** – Number of connected-components (= number of RoIs) (at  $t$ ).

- **BBs** – 2D vector of bounding boxes to be filled. The first dimension represents the frames while the second dimension represents the bounding boxes. BBs can be NULL, if so, the bounding boxes are not saved.
- **frame** – Current frame number.
- **motion\_est** – Motion estimation at  $t$ .
- **r\_extrapol** – Accepted range for extrapolation.
- **angle\_max** – Maximum angle that the 3 last positions of a same track can form (if the angle is higher than **angle\_max** then the track is classified as noise).
- **diff\_dev** – Multiplication factor in the motion detection criterion. Motion criterion is:  $|e_k - \bar{e}_t| > \text{diff\_dev} * \sigma_t$ , where  $e_k$  is the compensation error of the CC/RoI number  $k$ ,  $\bar{e}_t$  the average error of compensation of all CCs of image  $I_t$ , and  $\sigma_t$  the standard deviation of the error.
- **track\_all** – Boolean that defines if the tracking should track other objects than only meteors.
- **fra\_star\_min** – Minimum number of CC/RoI associations before creating a star track.
- **fra\_meteor\_min** – Minimum number of CC/RoI associations before creating a meteor track.
- **fra\_meteor\_max** – Maximum number of CC/RoI associations after which a meteor track is transformed in a noise track.
- **magnitude** – Boolean that defines if the tracking store the magnitude in its inner data or not.
- **extrapol\_order\_max** – Maximum number of frames where a lost track is extrapolated (0 means no extrapolation).
- **min\_extrapol\_ratio\_S** – Minimum ratio between two RoIs.  $r_S = RoI_S^j / RoI_S^i$ , if  $r_S < r_S^{min}$  then the association for the extrapolation is not made.

### Function args\_del

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_args.h

### Function Documentation

void **args\_del**(int argc, char \*\*argv, int index)

### Function args\_find

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_args.h

## Function Documentation

int **args\_find**(int argc, char \*\*argv, const char \*arg)

Find if an argument exists in program command line.

### Parameters

- **argc** – Number of arguments in **argv** array of arguments.
- **argv** – Array of arguments.
- **arg** – Argument to look for. Note that a list of arguments can be provided: arguments have to be separated by a comma (',' ) character.

**Returns** 1 if the argument is found, 0 otherwise.

## Function args\_find\_char

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_args.h

## Function Documentation

char \***args\_find\_char**(int argc, char \*\*argv, const char \*arg, char \*def)

Find an argument and return its corresponding value as string (array of characters).

### Parameters

- **argc** – Number of arguments in **argv** array of arguments.
- **argv** – Array of arguments.
- **arg** – Argument to look for. Note that a list of arguments can be provided: arguments have to be separated by a comma (',' ) character.
- **def** – Default value if the argument is not found.

**Returns** Pointer of characters in **argv** corresponding to the argument value if it exists in the command line, **def** pointer otherwise.

## Function args\_find\_float

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_args.h

## Function Documentation

float **args\_find\_float**(int argc, char \*\*argv, const char \*arg, float def)

Find an argument and return its corresponding value as a floating-point value.

### Parameters

- **argc** – Number of arguments in **argv** array of arguments.
- **argv** – Array of arguments.
- **arg** – Argument to look for. Note that a list of arguments can be provided: arguments have to be separated by a comma (',' ) character.
- **def** – Default value if the argument is not found.

**Returns** Value corresponding to the argument if it exists in the command line, `def` value otherwise.

### Function `args_find_float_max`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_args.h`

### Function Documentation

float `args_find_float_max`(int argc, char \*\*argv, const char \*arg, float def, float max)

Find an argument and return its corresponding value as a floating-point value. This function also tests that the returned value is lower (or equal) than a maximum value. If it is not the case, it prints an error message and exits the program with -1 value.

#### Parameters

- **argc** – Number of arguments in `argv` array of arguments.
- **argv** – Array of arguments.
- **arg** – Argument to look for. Note that a list of arguments can be provided: arguments have to be separated by a comma (',' ) character.
- **def** – Default value if the argument is not found.
- **max** – Maximum accepted value.

**Returns** Value corresponding to the argument if it exists in the command line, `def` value otherwise.

### Function `args_find_float_min`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_args.h`

### Function Documentation

float `args_find_float_min`(int argc, char \*\*argv, const char \*arg, float def, float min)

Find an argument and return its corresponding value as a floating-point value. This function also tests that the returned value is higher (or equal) than a minimum value. If it is not the case, it prints an error message and exits the program with -1 value.

#### Parameters

- **argc** – Number of arguments in `argv` array of arguments.
- **argv** – Array of arguments.
- **arg** – Argument to look for. Note that a list of arguments can be provided: arguments have to be separated by a comma (',' ) character.
- **def** – Default value if the argument is not found.
- **min** – Minimum accepted value.

**Returns** Value corresponding to the argument if it exists in the command line, `def` value otherwise.

## Function args\_find\_float\_min\_max

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_args.h

### Function Documentation

float **args\_find\_float\_min\_max**(int argc, char \*\*argv, const char \*arg, float def, float min, float max)

Find an argument and return its corresponding value as a floating-point value. This function also tests that the returned value is between the  $[min; max]$  range. If it is not the case, it prints an error message and exits the program with -1 value.

#### Parameters

- **argc** – Number of arguments in **argv** array of arguments.
- **argv** – Array of arguments.
- **arg** – Argument to look for. Note that a list of arguments can be provided: arguments have to be separated by a comma (',' ) character.
- **def** – Default value if the argument is not found.
- **min** – Minimum accepted value.
- **max** – Maximum accepted value.

**Returns** Value corresponding to the argument if it exists in the command line, **def** value otherwise.

## Function args\_find\_int

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_args.h

### Function Documentation

int **args\_find\_int**(int argc, char \*\*argv, const char \*arg, int def)

Find an argument and return its corresponding value as an integer value.

#### Parameters

- **argc** – Number of arguments in **argv** array of arguments.
- **argv** – Array of arguments.
- **arg** – Argument to look for. Note that a list of arguments can be provided: arguments have to be separated by a comma (',' ) character.
- **def** – Default value if the argument is not found.

**Returns** Value corresponding to the argument if it exists in the command line, **def** value otherwise.

### Function `args_find_int_max`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_args.h`

### Function Documentation

int `args_find_int_max`(int argc, char \*\*argv, const char \*arg, int def, int max)

Find an argument and return its corresponding value as an integer value. This function also tests that the returned value is lower (or equal) than a maximum value. If it is not the case, it prints an error message and exits the program with -1 value.

#### Parameters

- **argc** – Number of arguments in `argv` array of arguments.
- **argv** – Array of arguments.
- **arg** – Argument to look for. Note that a list of arguments can be provided: arguments have to be separated by a comma (',') character.
- **def** – Default value if the argument is not found.
- **max** – Maximum accepted value.

**Returns** Value corresponding to the argument if it exists in the command line, `def` value otherwise.

### Function `args_find_int_min`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_args.h`

### Function Documentation

int `args_find_int_min`(int argc, char \*\*argv, const char \*arg, int def, int min)

Find an argument and return its corresponding value as an integer value. This function also tests that the returned value is higher (or equal) than a minimum value. If it is not the case, it prints an error message and exits the program with -1 value.

#### Parameters

- **argc** – Number of arguments in `argv` array of arguments.
- **argv** – Array of arguments.
- **arg** – Argument to look for. Note that a list of arguments can be provided: arguments have to be separated by a comma (',') character.
- **def** – Default value if the argument is not found.
- **min** – Minimum accepted value.

**Returns** Value corresponding to the argument if it exists in the command line, `def` value otherwise.

## Function `args_find_int_min_max`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_args.h`

### Function Documentation

int `args_find_int_min_max`(int argc, char \*\*argv, const char \*arg, int def, int min, int max)

Find an argument and return its corresponding value as an integer value. This function also tests that the returned value is between the  $[min; max]$  range. If it is not the case, it prints an error message and exits the program with -1 value.

#### Parameters

- **argc** – Number of arguments in `argv` array of arguments.
- **argv** – Array of arguments.
- **arg** – Argument to look for. Note that a list of arguments can be provided: arguments have to be separated by a comma (',' ) character.
- **def** – Default value if the argument is not found.
- **min** – Minimum accepted value.
- **max** – Maximum accepted value.

**Returns** Value corresponding to the argument if it exists in the command line, `def` value otherwise.

## Function `CCL_LSL_alloc_data`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_CCL_CCL_compute.h`

### Function Documentation

`CCL_data_t` \*`CCL_LSL_alloc_data`(int i0, int i1, int j0, int j1)

Allocation of inner data required to perform Light Speed Labeling (LSL).

#### Parameters

- **i0** – The first *y* index in the image (included).
- **i1** – The last *y* index in the image (included).
- **j0** – The first *x* index in the image (included).
- **j1** – The last *x* index in the image (included).

**Returns** The allocated and initialized data.

### Function CCL\_LSL\_apply

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_CCL\_CCL\_compute.h

### Function Documentation

uint32\_t **CCL\_LSL\_apply**(*CCL\_data\_t* \*CCL\_data, const uint8\_t \*\*img, uint32\_t \*\*labels)

Compute the Light Speed Labeling (LSL) algorithm.

#### Parameters

- **CCL\_data** – Inner data required to perform the LSL.
- **img** – Input binary image (2D array  $[i1 - i0 + 1][j1 - j0 + 1]$ ,  $\{0, 1\}$  has to be coded as  $\{0, 255\}$ ).
- **labels** – Output labels (2D array  $[i1 - i0 + 1][j1 - j0 + 1]$ . The labels are in  $[1; 2^{32} - 1]$  and 0 value means no label).

**Returns** Number of labels.

### Function CCL\_LSL\_free\_data

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_CCL\_CCL\_compute.h

### Function Documentation

void **CCL\_LSL\_free\_data**(*CCL\_data\_t* \*CCL\_data)

Free the inner data.

**Parameters** **CCL\_data** – Inner data.

### Function CCL\_LSL\_init\_data

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_CCL\_CCL\_compute.h

### Function Documentation

void **CCL\_LSL\_init\_data**(*CCL\_data\_t* \*CCL\_data)

Initialization of the CCL inner data. Set all zeros.

**Parameters** **CCL\_data** – Pointer of inner CCL data.

## Function features\_alloc\_Rols

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_features\_features\_compute.h

## Function Documentation

*RoIs\_t* \***features\_alloc\_RoIs**(const uint8\_t enable\_magnitude, const uint8\_t enable\_sat\_count, const size\_t max\_size)

Allocation of all the features.

### Parameters

- **enable\_magnitude** – Boolean to allocate the buffer of magnitudes.
- **enable\_sat\_count** – Boolean to allocate the buffer of saturation counters.
- **max\_size** – Maximum capacity of each *feature* field (= maximum number of elements in the arrays).

**Returns** Pointer of allocated RoIs.

## Function features\_alloc\_Rols\_asso

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_features\_features\_compute.h

## Function Documentation

*RoIs\_asso\_t* \***features\_alloc\_RoIs\_asso**(const size\_t max\_size, uint32\_t \*RoIs\_id)

Allocation of the association features.

### Parameters

- **max\_size** – Maximum capacity of each *feature* field (= maximum number of elements in the arrays).
- **RoIs\_id** – Pointer of max\_size elements to use for the id field. If set to NULL, the id field is allocated.

**Returns** Pointer of allocated RoIs.

## Function features\_alloc\_Rols\_basic

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_features\_features\_compute.h

## Function Documentation

*RoIs\_basic\_t* \***features\_alloc\_RoIs\_basic**(const size\_t max\_size, uint32\_t \*RoIs\_id)

Allocation of the basic features.

### Parameters

- **max\_size** – Maximum capacity of each *feature* field (= maximum number of elements in the arrays).

- **RoIs\_id** – Pointer of `max_size` elements to use for the `id` field. If set to `NULL`, the `id` field is allocated.

**Returns** Pointer of allocated RoIs.

### Function `features_alloc_RoIs_misc`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_features_features_compute.h`

### Function Documentation

`RoIs_misc_t *features_alloc_RoIs_misc`(const uint8\_t enable\_magnitude, const uint8\_t enable\_sat\_count, const size\_t max\_size, uint32\_t \*RoIs\_id)

Allocation of the miscellaneous features.

#### Parameters

- **max\_size** – Maximum capacity of each *feature* field (= maximum number of elements in the arrays).
- **enable\_magnitude** – Boolean to allocate the buffer of magnitudes.
- **enable\_sat\_count** – Boolean to allocate the buffer of saturation counters.
- **RoIs\_id** – Pointer of `max_size` elements to use for the `id` field. If set to `NULL`, the `id` field is allocated.

**Returns** Pointer of allocated RoIs.

### Function `features_alloc_RoIs_motion`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_features_features_compute.h`

### Function Documentation

`RoIs_motion_t *features_alloc_RoIs_motion`(const size\_t max\_size, uint32\_t \*RoIs\_id)

Allocation of the motion features.

#### Parameters

- **max\_size** – Maximum capacity of each *feature* field (= maximum number of elements in the arrays).
- **RoIs\_id** – Pointer of `max_size` elements to use for the `id` field. If set to `NULL`, the `id` field is allocated.

**Returns** Pointer of allocated RoIs.

## Function features\_compute\_magnitude

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_features\_features\_compute.h

### Function Documentation

void **features\_compute\_magnitude**(const uint8\_t \*\*img, const uint32\_t img\_width, const uint32\_t img\_height, const uint32\_t \*\*labels, const *RoIs\_basic\_t* \*RoIs\_basic, *RoIs\_misc\_t* \*RoIs\_misc)

**See also:**

*\_features\_compute\_magnitude* for the explanations about the nature of the processing.

**See also:**

*RoIs\_basic\_t* for more explanations about the basic features.

**See also:**

*RoIs\_misc\_t* for more explanations about the miscellaneous features.

#### Parameters

- **img** – Image in grayscale ( [img\_height][img\_width], the values of the pixel range are [0; 255]).
- **img\_width** – Image width.
- **img\_height** – Image height.
- **labels** – 2D array of labels ( [img\_height][img\_width]).
- **RoIs\_basic** – Basic features.
- **RoIs\_misc** – Miscellaneous features (including the magnitudes).

## Function features\_extract

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_features\_features\_compute.h

### Function Documentation

void **features\_extract**(const uint32\_t \*\*labels, const int i0, const int i1, const int j0, const int j1, const size\_t n\_RoIs, *RoIs\_basic\_t* \*RoIs\_basic)

**See also:**

*\_features\_extract* for the explanations about the nature of the processing.

**See also:**

*RoIs\_basic\_t* for more explanations about the features.

#### Parameters

- **labels** – Input 2D array of labels ( [i1 - i0 + 1][j1 - j0 + 1]).
- **i0** – First *y* index in the labels (included).

- **i1** – Last  $y$  index in the labels (included).
- **j0** – First  $x$  index in the labels (included).
- **j1** – Last  $x$  index in the labels (included).
- **n\_RoIs** – Number of connected-components (= number of RoIs) in the 2D array of labels.
- **RoIs\_basic** – Basic features.

### Function `features_free_RoIs`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_features_features_compute.h`

### Function Documentation

void `features_free_RoIs`(*RoIs\_t* \*RoIs)

Free the features.

**Parameters** `RoIs` – Pointer of RoIs.

### Function `features_free_RoIs_asso`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_features_features_compute.h`

### Function Documentation

void `features_free_RoIs_asso`(*RoIs\_asso\_t* \*RoIs\_asso, const uint8\_t free\_id)

Free the features.

**Parameters**

- `RoIs_asso` – Pointer of RoIs.
- `free_id` – Boolean to free or not the `id` field.

### Function `features_free_RoIs_basic`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_features_features_compute.h`

### Function Documentation

void `features_free_RoIs_basic`(*RoIs\_basic\_t* \*RoIs\_basic, const uint8\_t free\_id)

Free the features.

**Parameters**

- `RoIs_basic` – Pointer of RoIs.
- `free_id` – Boolean to free or not the `id` field.

### Function features\_free\_Rols\_misc

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_features\_features\_compute.h

### Function Documentation

void **features\_free\_RoIs\_misc**(*RoIs\_misc\_t* \*RoIs\_misc, const uint8\_t free\_id)

Free the features.

#### Parameters

- **RoIs\_misc** – Pointer of RoIs.
- **free\_id** – Boolean to free or not the id field.

### Function features\_free\_Rols\_motion

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_features\_features\_compute.h

### Function Documentation

void **features\_free\_RoIs\_motion**(*RoIs\_motion\_t* \*RoIs\_motion, const uint8\_t free\_id)

Free the features.

#### Parameters

- **RoIs\_motion** – Pointer of RoIs.
- **free\_id** – Boolean to free or not the id field.

### Function features\_init\_Rols

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_features\_features\_compute.h

### Function Documentation

void **features\_init\_RoIs**(*RoIs\_t* \*RoIs)

Initialization of the features. Set all zeros.

**Parameters** **RoIs** – Pointer of RoIs.

### Function features\_init\_Rols\_asso

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_features\_features\_compute.h

## Function Documentation

void **features\_init\_RoIs\_asso**(*RoIs\_asso\_t* \*RoIs\_asso, const uint8\_t init\_id)

Initialization of the association features. Set all zeros.

### Parameters

- **RoIs\_asso** – Pointer of RoIs.
- **init\_id** – Boolean to initialize or not the id field.

## Function **features\_init\_Rols\_basic**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_features\_features\_compute.h

## Function Documentation

void **features\_init\_RoIs\_basic**(*RoIs\_basic\_t* \*RoIs\_basic, const uint8\_t init\_id)

Initialization of the basic features. Set all zeros.

### Parameters

- **RoIs\_basic** – Pointer of RoIs.
- **init\_id** – Boolean to initialize or not the id field.

## Function **features\_init\_Rols\_misc**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_features\_features\_compute.h

## Function Documentation

void **features\_init\_RoIs\_misc**(*RoIs\_misc\_t* \*RoIs\_misc, const uint8\_t init\_id)

Initialization of the miscellaneous features. Set all zeros.

### Parameters

- **RoIs\_misc** – Pointer of RoIs.
- **init\_id** – Boolean to initialize or not the id field.

## Function **features\_init\_Rols\_motion**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_features\_features\_compute.h

## Function Documentation

void **features\_init\_RoIs\_motion**(*RoIs\_motion\_t* \*RoIs\_motion, const uint8\_t init\_id)

Initialization of the motion features. Set all zeros.

### Parameters

- **RoIs\_motion** – Pointer of RoIs.
- **init\_id** – Boolean to initialize or not the id field.

## Function **features\_merge\_CCL\_HI\_v2**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_features\_features\_compute.h

## Function Documentation

void **features\_merge\_CCL\_HI\_v2**(const uint32\_t \*\*in\_labels, const uint8\_t \*\*img\_HI, uint32\_t \*\*out\_labels, const int i0, const int i1, const int j0, const int j1, *RoIs\_basic\_t* \*RoIs\_basic, const uint32\_t S\_min, const uint32\_t S\_max)

See also:

[\*\\_features\\_merge\\_CCL\\_HI\\_v2\*](#) for the explanations about the nature of the processing.

See also:

[\*RoIs\\_basic\\_t\*](#) for more explanations about the features.

### Parameters

- **in\_labels** – Input 2D array of labels ( $[i1 - i0 + 1][j1 - j0 + 1]$ ).
- **img\_HI** – Binary image (2D array  $[i1 - i0 + 1][j1 - j0 + 1]$   $\{0, 1\}$  has to be coded as  $\{0, 255\}$ ). This image results from a threshold filter on the original image. This threshold filter should be higher than the first one used to compute the initial labels (**in\_labels**).
- **out\_labels** – Output 2D array of labels ( $[i1 - i0 + 1][j1 - j0 + 1]$ ).
- **i0** – First  $y$  index in the labels (included).
- **i1** – Last  $y$  index in the labels (included).
- **j0** – First  $x$  index in the labels (included).
- **j1** – Last  $x$  index in the labels (included).
- **RoIs\_basic** – Features.
- **S\_min** – Minimum morphological threshold.
- **S\_max** – Maximum morphological threshold.

## Function `features_RoIs0_RoIs1_write`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_features_features_io.h`

### Function Documentation

```
void features_RoIs0_RoIs1_write(FILE *f, const int prev_frame, const int cur_frame, const RoIs_basic_t
                                *RoIs0_basic, const RoIs_misc_t *RoIs0_misc, const RoIs_basic_t
                                *RoIs1_basic, const RoIs_misc_t *RoIs1_misc, const vec_track_t tracks)
```

Print two tables of RoIs, one at  $t - 1$  and one at  $t$ .

**See also:**

*\_features\_RoIs0\_RoIs1\_write* for the explanations about the nature of the processing.

**See also:**

*RoIs\_basic\_t* for more explanations about the features.

**See also:**

*RoIs\_misc\_t* for more explanations about the features.

#### Parameters

- **f** – File descriptor (in write mode).
- **prev\_frame** – Frame id corresponding to the RoIs at  $t - 1$ .
- **cur\_frame** – Frame id corresponding to the RoIs at  $t$ .
- **RoIs0\_basic** – Basic features (at  $t - 1$ ).
- **RoIs0\_misc** – Miscellaneous features (at  $t - 1$ ).
- **RoIs1\_basic** – Basic features (at  $t$ ).
- **RoIs1\_misc** – Miscellaneous features (at  $t$ ).
- **tracks** – Vector of tracks. It enables to match RoIs with corresponding track in the table of RoIs.

## Function `features_RoIs_write`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_features_features_io.h`

### Function Documentation

```
void features_RoIs_write(FILE *f, const int frame, const RoIs_basic_t *RoIs_basic, const RoIs_misc_t
                          *RoIs_misc, const vec_track_t tracks, const unsigned age)
```

**See also:**

*\_features\_RoIs\_write* for the explanations about the nature of the processing.

**See also:**

*RoIs\_basic\_t* for more explanations about the features.

See also:

*RoIs\_misc\_t* for more explanations about the features.

#### Parameters

- **f** – File descriptor (write mode).
- **frame** – Frame id corresponding to the RoIs.
- **RoIs\_basic** – Basic features.
- **RoIs\_misc** – Miscellaneous features.
- **tracks** – Vector of tracks. It enables to match RoIs with corresponding track in the table of RoIs.
- **age** – 0 if **frame** is the current frame, 1 if **frame** is the  $t - 1$  frame. This is mandatory to find the corresponding track (if any).

### Function `features_shrink`

- Defined in file `_c_fmdt_features_features_compute.h`

### Function Documentation

void **features\_shrink**(const *RoIs\_basic\_t* \*RoIs\_basic\_src, *RoIs\_basic\_t* \*RoIs\_basic\_dst)

See also:

*\_features\_shrink* for the explanations about the nature of the processing.

See also:

*RoIs\_basic\_t* for more explanations about the features.

#### Parameters

- **RoIs\_basic\_src** – Source features.
- **RoIs\_basic\_dst** – Destination features.

### Function `image_color_alloc`

- Defined in file `_c_fmdt_image_image_compute.h`

### Function Documentation

*img\_data\_t* \***image\_color\_alloc**(const size\_t img\_width, const size\_t img\_height)

Allocate color image data.

#### Parameters

- **img\_width** – Image width.
- **img\_height** – Image height.

**Returns** Pointer of image data.

## Function `image_color_draw_BB`s

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_image_image_compute.h`

## Function Documentation

void **image\_color\_draw\_BB**s(*img\_data\_t* \*img\_data, const uint8\_t \*\*img, const *BB\_t* \*BBs, const enum *color\_e* \*BBs\_color, const size\_t n\_BB, const uint8\_t show\_id, const uint8\_t is\_gt)

Draw bounding boxes (BBs) on a color image. If the program is linked with the OpenCV library, then the `show_id` boolean can be used to draw the ids corresponding to each BB on the color image. Moreover, if the program is linked with OpenCV, this routine add the legend on the top left corner.

### Parameters

- **img\_data** – Image data.
- **img** – 2D grayscale image (2D array of size `[img_data->height][img_data->width]`). This image will be copied in `img_data`.
- **BBs** – List of bounding boxes.
- **BBs\_color** – List of colors associated to the bounding boxes.
- **n\_BB** – Number of bounding boxes to draw.
- **show\_id** – Boolean to enable display of the BB ids (has no effect if the program has not be linked with the OpenCV).
- **is\_gt** – Boolean to draw the ground truth legend (has no effect is the program has not been linked with OpenCV).

## Function `image_color_free`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_image_image_compute.h`

## Function Documentation

void **image\_color\_free**(*img\_data\_t* \*img\_data)

Deallocate color image data.

**Parameters** **img\_data** – Image data.

## Function `image_color_get_pixels`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_image_image_compute.h`

## Function Documentation

*rgb8\_t* \***image\_color\_get\_pixels**(*img\_data\_t* \*img\_data)

Return a pixels array of the color image.

**Parameters** *img\_data* – Image data.

## Function **image\_color\_get\_pixels\_2d**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_image\_image\_compute.h

## Function Documentation

*rgb8\_t* \*\***image\_color\_get\_pixels\_2d**(*img\_data\_t* \*img\_data)

Return a 2D pixels array of the color image.

**Parameters** *img\_data* – Image data.

## Function **image\_get\_color**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_image\_image\_compute.h

## Function Documentation

*rgb8\_t* **image\_get\_color**(enum *color\_e* color)

From a given color, returns the corresponding RGB representation.

**Parameters** *color* – Color enum value.

**Returns** RGB struct.

## Function **image\_gs\_alloc**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_image\_image\_compute.h

## Function Documentation

*img\_data\_t* \***image\_gs\_alloc**(const *size\_t* img\_width, const *size\_t* img\_height)

Allocate grayscale image data.

**Parameters**

- **img\_width** – Image width.
- **img\_height** – Image height.

**Returns** Pointer of image data.

## Function `image_gs_draw_labels`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_image_image_compute.h`

### Function Documentation

void **image\_gs\_draw\_labels**(*img\_data\_t* \*img\_data, const uint32\_t \*\*labels, const *RoIs\_basic\_t* \*RoIs\_basic, const uint8\_t show\_id)

See also:

[\*\\_image\\_gs\\_draw\\_labels\*](#) for the explanations about the nature of the processing.

#### Parameters

- **img\_data** – Image data.
- **labels** – Labels (2D array of size [`img_data->height`][`img_data->width`]).
- **RoIs\_basic** – Basic features (useful only if `show_id == 1`).
- **show\_id** – Boolean to enable display of the label numbers (has no effect if the program has not be linked with the OpenCV library).

## Function `image_gs_free`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_image_image_compute.h`

### Function Documentation

void **image\_gs\_free**(*img\_data\_t* \*img\_data)

Deallocate grayscale image data.

Parameters **img\_data** – Image data.

## Function `image_gs_get_pixels`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_image_image_compute.h`

### Function Documentation

uint8\_t \***image\_gs\_get\_pixels**(*img\_data\_t* \*img\_data)

Return a pixels array of the grayscale image.

Parameters **img\_data** – Image data.

### Function `image_gs_get_pixels_2d`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_image_image_compute.h`

#### Function Documentation

`uint8_t**image_gs_get_pixels_2d(img_data_t *img_data)`

Return a 2D pixels array of the grayscale image.

**Parameters** `img_data` – Image data.

### Function `image_save_frame_quad`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_image_image_io.h`

#### Function Documentation

void `image_save_frame_quad`(const char \*filename, uint8\_t \*\*I0, uint8\_t \*\*I1, uint32\_t \*\*I2, uint32\_t \*\*I3, int nbLabel, *RoIs\_t* \*stats, int i0, int i1, int j0, int j1)

### Function `image_save_frame_quad_hysteresis`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_image_image_io.h`

#### Function Documentation

void `image_save_frame_quad_hysteresis`(const char \*filename, uint8\_t \*\*I0, uint32\_t \*\*SH, uint32\_t \*\*SB, uint32\_t \*\*Y, int i0, int i1, int j0, int j1)

### Function `image_save_frame_threshold`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_image_image_io.h`

#### Function Documentation

void `image_save_frame_threshold`(const char \*filename, uint8\_t \*\*I0, uint8\_t \*\*I1, int i0, int i1, int j0, int j1)

### Function `image_write_PNM_row`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_image_image_io.h`

## Function Documentation

void **image\_write\_PNM\_row**(const uint8\_t \*line, const int width, FILE \*file)

## Function **kNN\_alloc\_data**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_kNN\_kNN\_compute.h

## Function Documentation

*kNN\_data\_t* \***kNN\_alloc\_data**(const size\_t max\_size)

Allocation of inner kNN data. The **conflicts** field is allocated only if the **FMDT\_ENABLE\_DEBUG** macro is defined.

**Parameters** **max\_size** – Maximum number of RoIs that can considered for associations.

**Returns** Pointer of kNN data.

## Function **kNN\_asso\_conflicts\_write**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_kNN\_kNN\_io.h

## Function Documentation

void **kNN\_asso\_conflicts\_write**(FILE \*f, const *kNN\_data\_t* \*kNN\_data, const *RoIs\_asso\_t* \*RoIs0\_asso, const *RoIs\_asso\_t* \*RoIs1\_asso, const *RoIs\_motion\_t* \*RoIs1\_motion)

**See also:**

[\*\\_kNN\\_asso\\_conflicts\\_write\*](#) for the explanations about the nature of the processing.

### Parameters

- **f** – File descriptor (in write mode).
- **kNN\_data** – Inner kNN data.
- **RoIs0\_asso** – Association features at  $t - 1$ .
- **RoIs1\_asso** – Association features at  $t$ .
- **RoIs1\_motion** – Motion features at  $t$ .

## Function **kNN\_free\_data**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_kNN\_kNN\_compute.h

## Function Documentation

void **kNN\_free\_data**(*kNN\_data\_t* \*kNN\_data)

Deallocation of inner kNN data.

**Parameters** **kNN\_data** – A pointer of kNN inner data.

## Function **kNN\_init\_data**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_kNN\_kNN\_compute.h

## Function Documentation

void **kNN\_init\_data**(*kNN\_data\_t* \*kNN\_data)

Initialization of the kNN inner data. Set all zeros.

**Parameters** **kNN\_data** – Pointer of inner kNN data.

## Function **kNN\_match**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_kNN\_kNN\_compute.h

## Function Documentation

void **kNN\_match**(*kNN\_data\_t* \*kNN\_data, const *RoIs\_basic\_t* \*RoIs0\_basic, const *RoIs\_basic\_t* \*RoIs1\_basic, *RoIs\_asso\_t* \*RoIs0\_asso, *RoIs\_asso\_t* \*RoIs1\_asso, const int k, const uint32\_t max\_dist, const float min\_ratio\_S)

**See also:**

[\\_kNN\\_match](#) for the explanations about the nature of the processing.

### Parameters

- **kNN\_data** – Inner kNN data.
- **RoIs0\_basic** – Basic features (at  $t - 1$ ).
- **RoIs1\_basic** – Basic features (at  $t$ ).
- **RoIs0\_asso** – Association features (at  $t - 1$ ).
- **RoIs1\_asso** – Association features (at  $t$ ).
- **k** – Number of ranks considered for RoI associations.
- **max\_dist** – Maximum distance between 2 RoIs to make the association.
- **min\_ratio\_S** – Minimum ratio between two RoIs.  $r_S = RoI_S^j / RoI_S^i$ , if  $r_S < r_S^{min}$  then the association is not made.

## Function `motion_compute`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_motion_motion_compute.h`

## Function Documentation

```
void motion_compute(const RoIs_basic_t *RoIs0_basic, const RoIs_basic_t *RoIs1_basic, const RoIs_asso_t
    *RoIs1_asso, RoIs_motion_t *RoIs1_motion, motion_t *motion_est1, motion_t
    *motion_est2)
```

See also:

[\*\\_motion\\_compute\*](#) for the explanations about the nature of the processing.

### Parameters

- **RoIs0\_basic** – Basic features (at  $t - 1$ ).
- **RoIs1\_basic** – Basic features (at  $t$ ).
- **RoIs1\_asso** – Association features (at  $t$ ).
- **RoIs1\_motion** – Motion features (at  $t$ ).
- **motion\_est1** – First global motion estimation.
- **motion\_est2** – Second global motion estimation.

## Function `motion_write`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_motion_motion_io.h`

## Function Documentation

```
void motion_write(FILE *f, const motion_t *motion_est1, const motion_t *motion_est2)
```

Print a table of global motion estimation.

### Parameters

- **f** – File descriptor (in write mode).
- **motion\_est1** – First global motion estimation.
- **motion\_est2** – Last global motion estimation.

## Function `threshold`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_threshold_threshold_compute.h`

## Function Documentation

void **threshold**(const uint8\_t \*\*img\_in, uint8\_t \*\*img\_out, const int i0, const int i1, const int j0, const int j1, const uint8\_t threshold)

Convert an input image ( $I_{in}$ ) in grayscale levels into a binary image ( $I_{out}$ ) depending on a grayscale threshold ( $T$ ). If  $I_{in}^i \geq T$  then  $I_{out}^i = 255$ , else  $I_{out}^i = 0$ .

### Parameters

- **img\_in** – Input grayscale image (2D array  $[i1 - i0 + 1][j1 - j0 + 1]$ ,  $\{0, 1\}$ ).
- **img\_out** – Output binary image (2D array  $[i1 - i0 + 1][j1 - j0 + 1]$ ,  $\{0, 1\}$ ,  $\{0, 1\}$  is coded as  $\{0, 255\}$ ).
- **i0** – First  $y$  index in the image (included).
- **i1** – Last  $y$  index in the image (included).
- **j0** – First  $x$  index in the image (included).
- **j1** – Last  $x$  index in the image (included).
- **threshold** – Value that define if the pixel is kept in the output binary image or not.

## Function tools\_convert\_ui8matrix\_ui32matrix

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_tools.h

## Function Documentation

void **tools\_convert\_ui8matrix\_ui32matrix**(const uint8\_t \*\*X, const int nrl, const int nrh, const int ncl, const int nch, uint32\_t \*\*Y)

Convert a 8-bit 2D array in a 32-bit 2D array.

### Parameters

- **X** – Input 8-bit matrix (2D array  $[i1 - i0 + 1][j1 - j0 + 1]$ ).
- **nrl** – First  $y$  index in the 2D array (included).
- **nrh** – Last  $y$  index in the 2D array (included).
- **ncl** – First  $x$  index in the 2D array (included).
- **nch** – Last  $x$  index in the 2D array (included).
- **Y** – Output 32-bit matrix (2D array  $[i1 - i0 + 1][j1 - j0 + 1]$ ).

## Function tools\_copy\_ui8matrix\_ui8matrix

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_tools.h

## Function Documentation

void **tools\_copy\_ui8matrix\_ui8matrix**(const uint8\_t \*\*X, const int i0, const int i1, const int j0, const int j1, uint8\_t \*\*Y)

Copy a 2D array.

### Parameters

- **X** – Input matrix (2D array  $[i1 - i0 + 1][j1 - j0 + 1]$ ).
- **i0** – First  $y$  index in the 2D array (included).
- **i1** – Last  $y$  index in the 2D array (included).
- **j0** – First  $x$  index in the 2D array (included).
- **j1** – Last  $x$  index in the 2D array (included).
- **Y** – Output matrix (2D array  $[i1 - i0 + 1][j1 - j0 + 1]$ ).

## Function **tools\_create\_folder**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_tools.h

## Function Documentation

void **tools\_create\_folder**(const char \*folder\_path)

System function to create a folder.

**Parameters** **folder\_path** – Path to the folder to create.

## Function **tools\_is\_dir**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_tools.h

## Function Documentation

int **tools\_is\_dir**(const char \*path)

System function to check if a path is a directory.

**Parameters** **path** – Path.

**Returns** 1 if the given path is a folder, 0 otherwise.

## Function **tools\_linear\_2d\_nrc\_f32matrix**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_tools.h

## Function Documentation

void **tools\_linear\_2d\_nrc\_f32matrix**(const float \*X, const int i0, const int i1, const int j0, const int j1, const float \*\*Y)

Convert a 1D (linear) array into a 2D array (32-bit float).

### Parameters

- **X** – Input 1D array (1D array  $[(i1 - i0 + 1) \times (j1 - j0 + 1)]$ ).
- **i0** – First  $y$  index in the 2D array (included).
- **i1** – Last  $y$  index in the 2D array (included).
- **j0** – First  $x$  index in the 2D array (included).
- **j1** – Last  $x$  index in the 2D array (included).
- **Y** – Output matrix (2D array  $[i1 - i0 + 1][j1 - j0 + 1]$ ).

## Function **tools\_linear\_2d\_nrc\_rgb8matrix**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_tools.h

## Function Documentation

void **tools\_linear\_2d\_nrc\_rgb8matrix**(const *rgb8\_t* \*X, const int i0, const int i1, const int j0, const int j1, const *rgb8\_t* \*\*Y)

Convert a 1D (linear) array into a 2D array (24-bit RGB).

### Parameters

- **X** – Input 1D array (1D array  $[(i1 - i0 + 1) \times (j1 - j0 + 1)]$ ).
- **i0** – First  $y$  index in the 2D array (included).
- **i1** – Last  $y$  index in the 2D array (included).
- **j0** – First  $x$  index in the 2D array (included).
- **j1** – Last  $x$  index in the 2D array (included).
- **Y** – Output matrix (2D array  $[i1 - i0 + 1][j1 - j0 + 1]$ ).

## Function **tools\_linear\_2d\_nrc\_ui32matrix**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_tools.h

## Function Documentation

void **tools\_linear\_2d\_nrc\_ui32matrix**(const uint32\_t \*X, const int i0, const int i1, const int j0, const int j1, const uint32\_t \*\*Y)

Convert a 1D (linear) array into a 2D array (32-bit integers).

### Parameters

- **X** – Input 1D array (1D array  $[(i1 - i0 + 1) \times (j1 - j0 + 1)]$ ).
- **i0** – First  $y$  index in the 2D array (included).
- **i1** – Last  $y$  index in the 2D array (included).
- **j0** – First  $x$  index in the 2D array (included).
- **j1** – Last  $x$  index in the 2D array (included).
- **Y** – Output matrix (2D array  $[i1 - i0 + 1][j1 - j0 + 1]$ ).

## Function tools\_linear\_2d\_nrc\_ui8matrix

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_tools.h

## Function Documentation

void **tools\_linear\_2d\_nrc\_ui8matrix**(const uint8\_t \*X, const int i0, const int i1, const int j0, const int j1, const uint8\_t \*\*Y)

Convert a 1D (linear) array into a 2D array (8-bit integers).

### Parameters

- **X** – Input 1D array (1D array  $[(i1 - i0 + 1) \times (j1 - j0 + 1)]$ ).
- **i0** – First  $y$  index in the 2D array (included).
- **i1** – Last  $y$  index in the 2D array (included).
- **j0** – First  $x$  index in the 2D array (included).
- **j1** – Last  $x$  index in the 2D array (included).
- **Y** – Output matrix (2D array  $[i1 - i0 + 1][j1 - j0 + 1]$ ).

## Function tracking\_alloc\_data

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_tracking\_tracking\_compute.h

## Function Documentation

*tracking\_data\_t* \***tracking\_alloc\_data**(const size\_t max\_history\_size, const size\_t max\_RoIs\_size)

Allocation of inner data required to perform the tracking.

### Parameters

- **max\_history\_size** – The maximum size of the history window (number of frames memorized in the history of RoIs).
- **max\_RoIs\_size** – The maximum number of RoIs per frame.

**Returns** The allocated data.

## Function **tracking\_BB\_s\_write**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_tracking\_tracking\_io.h

## Function Documentation

void **tracking\_BB\_s\_write**(FILE \*f, const *vec\_BB\_t* \*BBs, const *vec\_track\_t* tracks)

Print list of bounding boxes. Each line corresponds to a bounding boxes.

### Parameters

- **f** – File descriptor (in write mode).
- **BBs** – A 2D vector of bounding boxes (first dimension is the frames, second dimensions is the bounding boxes).
- **tracks** – A vector of tracks.

## Function **tracking\_count\_objects**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_tracking\_tracking\_struct.h

## Function Documentation

size\_t **tracking\_count\_objects**(const *vec\_track\_t* tracks, unsigned \*n\_stars, unsigned \*n\_meteors, unsigned \*n\_noise)

Counts the number of tracks in a vector of tracks.

### Parameters

- **tracks** – A vector of tracks.
- **n\_stars** – Write the number of tracks that have been classified as star.
- **n\_meteors** – Write the number of tracks that have been classified as meteor.
- **n\_noise** – Write the number of tracks that have been classified as noise.

**Returns** The real number of tracks (may be less than the **tracks** vector size).

### Function `tracking_free_data`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_tracking_tracking_compute.h`

### Function Documentation

void **tracking\_free\_data**(*tracking\_data\_t* \*tracking\_data)

Free the tracking inner data.

**Parameters** `tracking_data` – Pointer of tracking inner data.

### Function `tracking_get_track_time`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_tracking_tracking_struct.h`

### Function Documentation

size\_t **tracking\_get\_track\_time**(const *vec\_track\_t* tracks, const size\_t t)

Compute the duration of a track.

**Parameters**

- `tracks` – A vector of tracks.
- `t` – The position of one track in the tracks array.

**Returns** The elapsed time (in number of frames).

### Function `tracking_init_data`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_tracking_tracking_compute.h`

### Function Documentation

void **tracking\_init\_data**(*tracking\_data\_t* \*tracking\_data)

Zero initialization of inner data required to perform the tracking.

**Parameters** `tracking_data` – Pointer of tracking inner data.

### Function `tracking_init_global_data`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_tracking_tracking_global.h`

## Function Documentation

void **tracking\_init\_global\_data**()

Initialize global LUTs (`g_obj_to_color`, `g_obj_to_string`, `g_obj_to_string_with_spaces`, `g_change_state_to_string` and `g_change_state_to_string_with_spaces`).

## Function `tracking_parse_tracks`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_tracking_tracking_io.h`

## Function Documentation

void **tracking\_parse\_tracks**(const char \*filename, *vec\_track\_t* \*tracks)

From a given path, parse the corresponding file and fill a vector of tracks.

### Parameters

- **filename** – The path of the file to parse.
- **tracks** – A vector of tracks.

## Function `tracking_perform`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_tracking_tracking_compute.h`

## Function Documentation

void **tracking\_perform**(*tracking\_data\_t* \*tracking\_data, const *RoIs\_t* \*RoIs, *vec\_BB\_t* \*\*BBs, size\_t frame, const *motion\_t* \*motion\_est, const size\_t r\_extrapol, const float angle\_max, const float diff\_dev, const int track\_all, const size\_t fra\_star\_min, const size\_t fra\_meteor\_min, const size\_t fra\_meteor\_max, const int magnitude, const uint8\_t extrapol\_order\_max, const float min\_extrapol\_ratio\_S)

### See also:

[\*\\_tracking\\_perform\*](#) for the explanations about the nature of the processing.

### Parameters

- **tracking\_data** – Inner data.
- **RoIs** – RoIs features (at *t*).
- **BBs** – 2D vector of bounding boxes to be filled. The first dimension represents the frames while the second dimension represents the bounding boxes. BBs can be NULL, if so, the bounding boxes are not saved.
- **frame** – Current frame number.
- **motion\_est** – Motion estimation at *t*.
- **r\_extrapol** – Accepted range for extrapolation.
- **angle\_max** – Maximum angle that the 3 last positions of a same track can form (if the angle is higher than `angle_max` then the track is classified as noise).

- **diff\_dev** – Multiplication factor in the motion detection criterion. Motion criterion is:  $|e_k - \bar{e}_t| > \text{diff\_dev} * \sigma_t$ , where  $e_k$  is the compensation error of the CC/RoI number  $k$ ,  $\bar{e}_t$  the average error of compensation of all CCs of image  $I_t$ , and  $\sigma_t$  the standard deviation of the error.
- **track\_all** – Boolean that defines if the tracking should track other objects than only meteors.
- **fra\_star\_min** – Minimum number of CC/RoI associations before creating a star track.
- **fra\_meteor\_min** – Minimum number of CC/RoI associations before creating a meteor track.
- **fra\_meteor\_max** – Maximum number of CC/RoI associations after which a meteor track is transformed in a noise track.
- **magnitude** – Boolean that defines if the tracking store the magnitude in its inner data or not.
- **extrapol\_order\_max** – Maximum number of frames where a lost track is extrapolated (0 means no extrapolation).
- **min\_extrapol\_ratio\_S** – Minimum ratio between two RoIs.  $r_S = RoI_S^j / RoI_S^i$ , if  $r_S < r_S^{min}$  then the association for the extrapolation is not made.

### Function tracking\_string\_to\_obj\_type

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_tracking\_tracking\_global.h

### Function Documentation

enum *obj\_e* **tracking\_string\_to\_obj\_type**(const char \*string)

Return object type from its corresponding string.

**Parameters** **string** – A string.

**Returns** *obj\_e* The right object type.

### Function tracking\_tracks\_magnitudes\_write

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_tracking\_tracking\_io.h

### Function Documentation

void **tracking\_tracks\_magnitudes\_write**(FILE \*f, const *vec\_track\_t* tracks)

Print a list of magnitudes per track. Each line corresponds to a track.

**Parameters**

- **f** – File descriptor (in write mode).
- **tracks** – A vector of tracks.

### Function `tracking_tracks_write`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_tracking_tracking_io.h`

### Function Documentation

void **tracking\_tracks\_write**(FILE \*f, const *vec\_track\_t* tracks)

Print a table of tracks (dedicated to the terminal).

#### Parameters

- **f** – File descriptor (in write mode).
- **tracks** – A vector of tracks.

### Function `tracking_tracks_write_full`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_tracking_tracking_io.h`

### Function Documentation

void **tracking\_tracks\_write\_full**(FILE \*f, const *vec\_track\_t* tracks)

Print a table of tracks (dedicated to the logs).

#### Parameters

- **f** – File descriptor (in write mode).
- **tracks** – A vector of tracks.

### Function `validation_count_objects`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_validation_validation_compute.h`

### Function Documentation

unsigned **validation\_count\_objects**(const *validation\_obj\_t* \*val\_objects, const unsigned n\_val\_objects, unsigned \*n\_stars, unsigned \*n\_meteors, unsigned \*n\_noise)

Compute the number of objects in a *validation\_obj\_t* array.

#### Parameters

- **val\_objects** – Array of validation objects.
- **n\_val\_objects** – Number of validation objects in `val_objects`.
- **n\_stars** – Return the number of star objects.
- **n\_meteors** – Return the number of meteor objects.
- **n\_noise** – Return the number of noise objects.

**Returns** Total number of objects (stars + meteors + noises).

### Function `validation_free`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_validation_validation_compute.h`

### Function Documentation

void **validation\_free**(void)

Free the validation global data.

### Function `validation_init`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_validation_validation_compute.h`

### Function Documentation

int **validation\_init**(const char \*val\_objects\_file)

From a file path, allocate the data required to perform the validation. Note that this function allocates data in global data: allocates the `g_val_objects` buffer and initializes it from the input file + initializes the `g_n_val_objects` global variable.

**Parameters** `val_objects_file` – Path to an input file of ground truth tracks to parse.

**Returns** Number of ground truth allocated objects.

### Function `validation_print`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_validation_validation_io.h`

### Function Documentation

void **validation\_print**(const *vec\_track\_t* track\_array)

Print a validation table into `stdout`. Note that this function uses global data to print the table.

**Parameters** `track_array` – Vector of tracks.

### Function `validation_process`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_validation_validation_compute.h`

### Function Documentation

void **validation\_process**(const *vec\_track\_t* track\_array)

From a given vector of tracks, estimates the correctness compared to the ground truth (stored in global data). Read `g_val_objects` and `g_n_val_objects`. Write `g_val_objects`, `g_is_valid_track`, `g_true_positive`, `g_false_positive`, `g_true_negative`, `g_false_negative`.

**Parameters** `track_array` – Vector of tracks.

### Function `version_print`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_version.h`

### Function Documentation

void **version\_print**(const char \*bin\_name)

Print the FMDT version in the standard output.

**Parameters** `bin_name` – Name of the current executable.

### Function `video_reader_alloc_init`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_video_video_io.h`

### Function Documentation

*video\_reader\_t* \***video\_reader\_alloc\_init**(const char \*path, const size\_t start, const size\_t end, const size\_t skip, const int bufferize, const size\_t n\_ffmpeg\_threads, int \*i0, int \*i1, int \*j0, int \*j1)

Allocation and initialization of inner data required for a video reader.

#### Parameters

- **path** – Path to the video or images.
- **start** – Start frame number (first frame is frame 0).
- **end** – Last frame number (if 0 then the video sequence is entirely read).
- **skip** – Number of frames to skip between two frames (0 means no frame is skipped).
- **bufferize** – Boolean to store the entire video sequence in memory first (this is useful for benchmarks but usually the video sequences are too big to be stored in memory).
- **n\_ffmpeg\_threads** – Number of threads used in FFmpeg to decode the video sequence (0 means FFmpeg will decide).
- **i0** – Return the first *y* index in the labels (included).
- **i1** – Return the last *y* index in the labels (included).
- **j0** – Return the first *x* index in the labels (included).
- **j1** – Return the last *x* index in the labels (included).

**Returns** The allocated data.

### Function `video_reader_free`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_video_video_io.h`

### Function Documentation

void **video\_reader\_free**(*video\_reader\_t* \*video)

Deallocation of inner video reader data.

**Parameters** **video** – A pointer of video reader inner data.

### Function `video_reader_get_frame`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_video_video_io.h`

### Function Documentation

int **video\_reader\_get\_frame**(*video\_reader\_t* \*video, uint8\_t \*\*img)

Write grayscale image in a given 2D array.

#### Parameters

- **video** – A pointer of previously allocated inner video reader data.
- **img** – Output grayscale image (2D array  $[i1 - i0 + 1][j1 - j0 + 1]$ ).

**Returns** The frame id (positive integer) or -1 if there is no more frame to read.

### Function `video_writer_alloc_init`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_video_video_io.h`

### Function Documentation

*video\_writer\_t* \***video\_writer\_alloc\_init**(const char \*path, const size\_t start, const size\_t n\_ffmpeg\_threads, const size\_t img\_height, const size\_t img\_width, const enum *pixfmt\_e* pixfmt)

Allocation and initialization of inner data required for a video writer.

#### Parameters

- **path** – Path to the video or images.
- **start** – Start frame number (first frame is frame 0).
- **n\_ffmpeg\_threads** – Number of threads used in FFMPEG to encode the video sequence (0 means FFMPEG will decide).
- **img\_height** – Images height.
- **img\_width** – Images width.
- **pixfmt** – Pixels format (grayscale or RGB).

**Returns** The allocated data.

### Function `video_writer_free`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_video_video_io.h`

### Function Documentation

void **video\_writer\_free**(*video\_writer\_t* \*video)

Deallocation of inner video writer data.

**Parameters** `video` – A pointer of video writer inner data.

### Function `video_writer_save_frame`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_video_video_io.h`

### Function Documentation

void **video\_writer\_save\_frame**(*video\_writer\_t* \*video, const uint8\_t \*\*img)

Allocation of inner data required for a video writer.

**Parameters**

- `video` – A pointer of previously allocated inner video writer data.
- `img` – Input grayscale/RGB image (2D array [`img_height`][`img_width`]).

## 9.3.5 Variables

### Variable `g_change_state_to_string`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_tracking_tracking_global.h`

### Variable Documentation

char **g\_change\_state\_to\_string**[*N\_REASONS*][64]

LUT to find reason string from its reason

### Variable `g_change_state_to_string_with_spaces`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_tracking_tracking_global.h`

### Variable Documentation

char **g\_change\_state\_to\_string\_with\_spaces***[N\_REASONS][64]*

LUT to find reason string (with spaces) from its reason

### Variable **g\_false\_negative**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_validation\_validation\_global.h

### Variable Documentation

int **g\_false\_negative***[N\_OBJECTS]*

Counters of false negative tracks depending on the object types.

### Variable **g\_false\_positive**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_validation\_validation\_global.h

### Variable Documentation

int **g\_false\_positive***[N\_OBJECTS]*

Counters of false positive tracks depending on the object types.

### Variable **g\_fmdt\_build**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_version.h

### Variable Documentation

unsigned **g\_fmdt\_build**

FMDT build (b)

### Variable **g\_fmdt\_sha1**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_version.h

## Variable Documentation

char **g\_fmdt\_sha1**[256]

FMDT full SHA1 hash (from Git)

## Variable **g\_fmdt\_version**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_version.h

## Variable Documentation

char **g\_fmdt\_version**[256]

FMDT full version, in the following form: vM.m.p-b-g<sup>hash</sup>7

## Variable **g\_fmdt\_version\_major**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_version.h

## Variable Documentation

unsigned **g\_fmdt\_version\_major**

FMDT major version (M)

## Variable **g\_fmdt\_version\_minor**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_version.h

## Variable Documentation

unsigned **g\_fmdt\_version\_minor**

FMDT minor version (m)

## Variable **g\_fmdt\_version\_patch**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_version.h

### Variable Documentation

unsigned **g\_fmdt\_version\_patch**

FMDT patch (p)

### Variable **g\_is\_valid\_track**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_validation\_validation\_global.h

### Variable Documentation

uint8\_t **g\_is\_valid\_track**[MAX\_TRACKS\_SIZE]

Array that contains 1 or 2 value. 1 means that the current track is a true positive, 2 means that the current track is a false positive.

### Variable **g\_n\_val\_objects**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_validation\_validation\_global.h

### Variable Documentation

unsigned **g\_n\_val\_objects**

Number of tracks from the ground truth.

### Variable **g\_obj\_to\_color**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_tracking\_tracking\_global.h

### Variable Documentation

enum *color\_e* **g\_obj\_to\_color**[N\_OBJECTS]

LUT to find object color from its type

### Variable **g\_obj\_to\_string**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_tracking\_tracking\_global.h

### Variable Documentation

char **g\_obj\_to\_string**[*N\_OBJECTS*][64]

LUT to find object string from its type

### Variable **g\_obj\_to\_string\_with\_spaces**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_tracking\_tracking\_global.h

### Variable Documentation

char **g\_obj\_to\_string\_with\_spaces**[*N\_OBJECTS*][64]

LUT to find object string (with spaces) from its type

### Variable **g\_true\_negative**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_validation\_validation\_global.h

### Variable Documentation

int **g\_true\_negative**[*N\_OBJECTS*]

Counters of true negative tracks depending on the object types.

### Variable **g\_true\_positive**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_validation\_validation\_global.h

### Variable Documentation

int **g\_true\_positive**[*N\_OBJECTS*]

Counters of true positive tracks depending on the object types.

### Variable **g\_val\_objects**

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_validation\_validation\_global.h

## Variable Documentation

*validation\_obj\_t* \***g\_val\_objects**

Array of ground truth tracks.

## 9.3.6 Defines

### Define CLAMP

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_macros.h

### Define Documentation

**CLAMP**(x, a, b)

### Define CR

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_macros.h

### Define Documentation

**CR**

### Define DISP

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_macros.h

### Define Documentation

**DISP**(x)

### Define FDISP

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_macros.h

### Define Documentation

**FDISP**(x)

### Define IDISP

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_macros.h

### Define Documentation

**IDISP**(x)

### Define MAX

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_macros.h

### Define Documentation

**MAX**(a, b)

### Define MAX\_ROI\_SIZE

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_features\_features\_struct.h

### Define Documentation

**MAX\_ROI\_SIZE**

Maximum number of RoIs after features\_merge\_CCL\_HI\_v2 selection.

### Define MAX\_ROI\_SIZE\_BEFORE\_SHRINK

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_features\_features\_struct.h

### Define Documentation

**MAX\_ROI\_SIZE\_BEFORE\_SHRINK**

Maximum number of RoIs before features\_merge\_CCL\_HI\_v2 selection.

### Define MAX\_TRACKS\_SIZE

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_validation\_validation\_global.h

### Define Documentation

#### **MAX\_TRACKS\_SIZE**

Maximum number of tracks to evaluate in the validation process.

### Define METEOR\_COLOR

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_tracking\_tracking\_global.h

### Define Documentation

#### **METEOR\_COLOR**

Associate the green color to a meteor

### Define METEOR\_STR

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_tracking\_tracking\_global.h

### Define Documentation

#### **METEOR\_STR**

Define “meteor” string

### Define MIN

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_macros.h

### Define Documentation

**MIN**(a, b)

### Define NOISE\_COLOR

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_tracking\_tracking\_global.h

## Define Documentation

### NOISE\_COLOR

Associate the orange color to noise

## Define NOISE\_STR

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_tracking\_tracking\_global.h

## Define Documentation

### NOISE\_STR

Define “noise” string

## Define PUTS

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_macros.h

## Define Documentation

**PUTS**(str)

## Define SHOWNAME

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_macros.h

## Define Documentation

**SHOWNAME**(X)

## Define STAR\_COLOR

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_tracking\_tracking\_global.h

## Define Documentation

### STAR\_COLOR

Associate the purple color to a star

### Define STAR\_STR

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_tracking\_tracking\_global.h

### Define Documentation

#### STAR\_STR

Define “star” string

### Define TOO\_BIG\_ANGLE\_STR

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_tracking\_tracking\_global.h

### Define Documentation

#### TOO\_BIG\_ANGLE\_STR

Define “too big angle” string

### Define TOO\_LONG\_DURATION\_STR

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_tracking\_tracking\_global.h

### Define Documentation

#### TOO\_LONG\_DURATION\_STR

Define “too long duration” string

### Define UNKNOWN\_COLOR

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_tracking\_tracking\_global.h

### Define Documentation

#### UNKNOWN\_COLOR

Associate the gray color to unknown object

### Define UNKNOWN\_STR

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_tracking\_tracking\_global.h

### Define Documentation

#### UNKNOWN\_STR

Define “unknown” string

### Define VERBOSE

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_macros.h

### Define Documentation

#### VERBOSE(X)

### Define WRONG\_DIRECTION\_STR

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_tracking\_tracking\_global.h

### Define Documentation

#### WRONG\_DIRECTION\_STR

Define “wrong direction” string

## 9.3.7 Typedefs

### Typedef vec\_BB\_t

- Defined in file\_c\_fmdt\_tracking\_tracking\_struct.h

### Typedef Documentation

typedef *BB\_t* \***vec\_BB\_t**

Vector of *BB\_t*, to use with C vector lib.

### Typedef `vec_color_e`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_image_image_struct.h`

### Typedef Documentation

typedef enum *color\_e* \***vec\_color\_e**

Vector of colors, to use with C vector lib.

### Typedef `vec_track_t`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_tracking_tracking_struct.h`

### Typedef Documentation

typedef *track\_t* \***vec\_track\_t**

Vector of *track\_t*, to use with C vector lib.

### Typedef `vec_uint32_t`

- Defined in `file_c_fmdt_tracking_tracking_struct.h`

### Typedef Documentation

typedef uint32\_t \***vec\_uint32\_t**

Vector of `uint32_t`, to use with C vector lib.



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